

Chapter 315. Inclusionary Housing Regulations

[HISTORY: Adopted by the Planning Board of the City of Beverly 11-16-2010, as amended through 5-17-2011. Subsequent amendments noted where applicable.]

GENERAL REFERENCES

Inclusionary housing — See Ch. **300**, Art. **XV**.

Attachment 1 - Inclusionary Housing Application Form 

Attachment 2 - Sample Regulatory Agreement 

Attachment 3 - Sample Affordable Housing Deed Rider 

Attachment 4 - Marketing Plan 

Attachment 5 - Fees in Lieu of Affordable Housing Units 

Article I. Purpose and General Requirements

§ 315-1. Purpose.

These submission requirements, procedures and supplemental regulations (the “regulations”) explain the process that applicants must follow to obtain approval of a development that is subject to Article **XV**, Affordable Housing, of Chapter **300**, Zoning, of the City Code.

§ 315-2. Ordinance requirements.

- A. The Inclusionary Housing Ordinance was adopted by the City of Beverly in July 2007. It requires any residential development of 10 or more lots or dwelling units to include 12% of its units as affordable housing. As defined in the ordinance, an “affordable housing unit” is a dwelling unit that is affordable to and occupied by a low- or moderate-income household and meets state requirements for listing on the Chapter 40B Subsidized Housing Inventory. Since inclusionary housing units do not require a comprehensive permit under Massachusetts General Law Chapter 40B, their eligibility for the Subsidized Housing Inventory relies on the provisions of 760 CMR 56.00, Local Initiative Program (LIP). As an aid to applicants, the Planning Board has referenced portions of the current LIP regulations below. However, the applicant is responsible for understanding, confirming and complying with LIP requirements, as they may be amended from time to time, because failure to do so may result in delayed issuance of approvals by the Planning Board or other City officials with jurisdiction over the project.
- B. Applicants proposing a project that is subject to the Inclusionary Housing Ordinance may comply by (1) including affordable units in the proposed development or (2) providing affordable housing through an alternative method set forth in Chapter **300**, § **300-108B**, subject to Planning Board special permit approval. The City’s preference is for “inclusion units,” or units incorporated on the locus of the development. The procedures for each option are outlined separately in these regulations.

Article II. Developments with Inclusion (On-Site) Units

§ 315-3. Calculation of required number of affordable housing units.

- A. At least 12% of all housing units created in a project subject to the City’s Inclusionary Zoning Ordinance must be affordable. If the calculation results in a fraction, then that fraction must be “rounded up” to the nearest whole number.
- B. If a residential project is located in a zoning district where the only permitted residential use is a detached single-family home, up to 20% of the total number of units (market-rate and affordable) may be in two-family, semidetached or multifamily dwellings of not more than three units, and all or a majority of the affordable units may be located in said dwellings. Note that, to the extent possible, affordable units must not be concentrated in one part of the development.

Example Calculations

Standard	Number of Proposed Single-Family Lots	Number of Proposed Multifamily Units
Base density	10	50
Affordable housing requirement	1.2 units (rounds to 2 units)	6 units
Market-rate units	8	44
Number of units permitted in two-family, semidetached or multifamily dwellings of not more than 3 units		N/A

§ 315-4. Density bonus.

- A. See Chapter 300, Zoning, § 300-109, which permits, by right, density bonuses in certain zoning districts when affordable housing units are provided on site. Minimum lot area requirements for developments with inclusion (on-site) units are somewhat smaller than for developments that provide affordable housing through one of the alternative methods listed in Chapter 300, § 300-108B. This adjustment has been made to encourage the construction of on-site units and to discourage election of the alternative methods.
- B. Example calculations of how density bonus and minimum lot area adjustment work together. A developer proposes an eleven-lot subdivision on three acres in an R-10 Zone. Assuming the road and other improvements will take up 20,680 square feet, the developer has 110,000 square feet remaining to divide into house lots. A developer proposes a one-hundred-fifty-unit multifamily development on a ten-acre lot in the RSD Zoning District. Pursuant to Chapter 300, Article XV, the inclusionary housing requirements and density bonuses would be as follows:

Standard	Number of Proposed Single-Family Lots (R-10)	Number of Proposed Multifamily Units (RSD)
Developable area	110,000 square feet	10 acres
Base density	11	150
Affordable housing requirement	2	18
Market-rate units	9	132
Estimated density bonus (one additional 2 market-rate dwelling unit per affordable unit provided on-site in R-10; 2 in RSD)		36
Actual density bonus (applying minimum 1 lot area requirement of 85% in R-10; 70% in RSD)		22
Final density	12 (10 market-rate + 2 affordable)	172 (154 market-rate + 18 affordable)

§ 315-5. Submission requirements.

- A. The following information is required for all applicable projects in addition to those requirements found in Chapter 300, Zoning, § 300-110:

(1) A complete inclusionary housing application form (See Appendix A^[1]).

[1] *Editor's Note: Appendix A is included as an attachment to this chapter.*

- (2) Application fees. In addition to application fees required under the Planning Board's Subdivision Rules and Regulations^[2] or other filing fees (e.g., site plan review), the applicant shall pay the inclusionary housing application fee shown on the application form and in the Planning Board's regulations governing fees and fee structures ("fee regulations"). Costs for review by any consultants retained by the Planning Board shall be in addition to this amount and are the sole responsibility of the applicant pursuant to the fee regulations.

[2] *Editor's Note: See Ch. 375, Subdivision of Land.*

- (3) For developments subject to site plan review under Chapter 300, § 300-98 or 300-54, the development shall be reviewed in accordance with said sections and these regulations.
- (4) For developments not subject to Chapter 300, § 300-98 or 300-54, the applicant shall submit a site plan that conforms to the application requirements set forth in Chapter 300, § 300-98C, and these regulations.
- (5) Identification of the lot or lots proposed for inclusion (on-site) units, together with the type of dwelling unit(s).
- (6) Sufficient data to determine compliance with Chapter 300, § 300-104, Housing affordability, and § 300-106, Minimum percentage of affordable units.
- (7) For inclusion (on-site) units, sufficient data to determine compliance with Chapter 300, § 300-109, Dimensional and density regulations for on-site units.
- (8) Elevations, sample floor plans and interior finish specifications for typical market-rate and affordable housing units. If the applicant intends to sell market-rate lots individually to homebuilders, the applicant may request to defer submission of building plans until a later date and the Planning Board will not unreasonably deny the request. However, as a condition of inclusionary housing site plan approval, no building permit will be issued for any units in the development until plans for both the market-rate and affordable units have been reviewed and approved by the Beverly Planning Board.
- (9) Draft regulatory agreement, affordable housing deed rider and affirmative marketing plan (§ 315-11 of these regulations). These documents shall be submitted no later than the date of submission of the inclusionary housing application.
- B. Together, the inclusionary housing application form, application fees, required data, site plan, building elevations, sample floor plans and interior finishes specifications shall comprise the submission required by Chapter 300, § 300-110.
- C. For applicable projects that also require submission of a subdivision plan, site plan review or special permit application with the Planning Board, the applicant shall simultaneously submit an inclusionary housing application.

§ 315-6. Application procedure.

One original and 11 copies of the application and materials required pursuant to § 315-5 above [excluding plans because they will be submitted pursuant to § 315-5A(3) and (4) above] shall be submitted to the Planning Board. One copy of the application only shall be submitted to the City Clerk.

§ 315-7. Decision criteria.

- A. The inclusionary housing site plan will be acted upon in accordance with the procedures set forth in Chapter 300, Article XV. To the maximum extent possible, the Planning Board will coordinate its review of the inclusionary housing site plan and a subdivision plan, site plan and/or special permit (where applicable), recognizing that these reviews are governed by different review and decision standards.

- B. The Planning Board may impose one or more of the following conditions on its approval of the site plan:
- (1) Approval of elevations, sample floor plans and interior finish specifications for typical market-rate and affordable housing units prior to the issuance of a building permit (if such plans have not been approved as part of the application).
 - (2) Relocation of the inclusion (on-site) units to another lot or lots within the development or modification to the elevation drawings or floor plans in order to further the objectives of Chapter **300**, § **300-107**, Location and comparability of affordable units.
 - (3) Modifications to the marketing plan, construction schedule, affordable unit purchase prices or rents, and related elements of the inclusionary housing site plan application, where necessary to further the objectives of Chapter **300**, Article **XV**.

§ 315-8. Maximum affordable purchase prices and rents.

Maximum affordable purchase prices and maximum affordable rents shall be affordable to low- or moderate-income homebuyers or tenants in the development. Maximum affordable purchase prices and maximum affordable rents shall adhere to the current low- or moderate-income limits as determined by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) applicable to the City of Beverly and shall satisfy the Massachusetts Department of Housing and Community Development's Local Initiative Program (LIP) affordability requirements. The applicant shall submit a proposed schedule of maximum affordable purchase prices or rents with the inclusionary housing application.

§ 315-9. Construction schedule.

Inclusion (on-site) units must be constructed in proportion to (at the same rate as) market-rate units to comply with Chapter **300**, § **300-112**, Phased construction and shall be determined on the basis of occupancy permits issued by the Building Department unless the Planning Board elects to measure compliance by lot releases. If certificates of occupancy have not been issued for the affordable units when the applicant applies for additional occupancy permits or lot releases for market-rate units, the Building Inspector shall have the right to withhold occupancy permits for the market-rate units until the affordable units are completed. Inclusion (on-site) units shall not be the last units to be built in any development.

§ 315-10. Comparable unit requirements.

Inclusion (on-site) units must be generally comparable to market-rate units in the development. "Comparable" will be determined according to the following standards.

- A. For detached single-family dwellings, inclusion (on-site) units must be similar in size; i.e., they must offer the same number of bedrooms as the average market-rate unit. For example, if all of the development's single-family homes are four-bedroom units, the inclusion (on-site) units must also have four bedrooms because state regulations require overall proportionality of affordable and market-rate units in a single development. In certain circumstances, the Planning Board will consider reasonable exceptions to the principle of overall proportionality. For example, if a development with inclusion units consists of several approval not required (ANR) lots on a street where the surrounding homes are smaller than the proposed new market-rate homes, the applicant may request that the inclusion units be designed for comparability in size to established homes in the same neighborhood, provided the homes are generally in good condition. This request may be made as part of the inclusionary housing site plan application and the Planning Board may approve the same without requiring the applicant to seek a special permit.
- B. As an alternative to designating single-family homes as inclusion (on-site) units, the Planning Board will allow inclusion (on-site) units to be located in two-family, semidetached or multifamily dwellings of not more than three units pursuant to Chapter **300**, § **300-107C(2)**. These dwellings must conform to the design standards specified in § **300-107** and the following. Each unit must be separated by a common wall, have an at-grade

entrance to one unit on the front facade and an at-grade entrance to the other units on a side other than the primary facade, such that when viewed from the road, the dwelling appears to be a detached single-family dwelling. The Planning Board will consider alternatives to achieve the same goal of creating a dwelling that appears to be a detached single-family dwelling when viewed from the street. When more than one inclusion (on-site) unit is sited in a single building, the building shall be equal in gross floor area to a typical market-rate, detached single-family dwelling in the development in order to achieve general comparability of scale and built form. The purpose of this requirement is to assure that inclusion units will be generally indistinguishable from market-rate units.

- C. Inclusion (on-site) units must be comparable to market-rate units in exterior building materials and finishes, construction quality and energy efficiency, including mechanical equipment and plumbing, insulation, windows, and heating and cooling systems. However, inclusion units may have different interior finishes and features, provided that such finishes and features are durable, of good quality and consistent with contemporary standards for new housing. The Planning Board reserves the right to consult with the Building Inspector to verify the durability and quality of interior finishes proposed by the applicant and to require reasonable changes to better achieve comparability of units.
- D. For homeownership developments, a "comparable" inclusion (on-site) unit may be made available for rent to a low- or moderate-income tenant at an affordable rent. The ordinance does not specify that "comparable" requires a 1:1 relationship between the form of ownership or occupancy for market-rate units and inclusion units. An applicant who plans to provide a comparable unit for rent rather than for sale must provide evidence satisfactory to the Planning Board that the rental unit will be managed by a qualified entity that has prior successful property management experience with affordable housing.

§ 315-11. Preservation of affordability.

- A. Affordable housing units created by the Inclusionary Housing Ordinance must be eligible for listing on the Chapter 40B Subsidized Housing Inventory. Toward that end, the applicant is required to enter into a regulatory agreement with the City of Beverly and DHCD. The Planning Board encourages that applicants use the state's "model" regulatory agreement, which is not part of these regulations and is attached for informational purposes only (see Appendix B^[1]). To reduce delays, applicants are required to submit a draft regulatory agreement with the inclusionary housing application so that regulatory agreement details can be worked out during the permitting process. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare a complete regulatory agreement for signature by the City and DHCD, to obtain the necessary signatures and to record a fully executed agreement at the Registry of Deeds prior to the issuance of any building permits (or in the case of a subdivision, lot releases).

[1] *Editor's Note: Appendix B is included as an attachment to this chapter.*

- B. In addition, for-sale units must be protected by a deed rider that "locks in" an affordable housing purchase price upon resale. The City encourages applicants to use the state's "model" affordable housing deed rider (see Appendix C^[2]). Applicants are required to submit a draft affordable housing deed rider with the inclusionary housing application so that details can be worked out during the permitting process. This document must be fully executed and submitted to the Planning Department prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, and must also be recorded with the Registry of Deeds at the time of transfer of ownership.

[2] *Editor's Note: Appendix C is included as an attachment to this chapter.*

- C. Finally, the regulatory agreement requires an annual monitoring procedure to verify that affordable homeownership units remain owner-occupied and that affordable rental units are occupied by low- or moderate-income tenants at rents they can afford. The applicant is responsible for making monitoring arrangements with an organization qualified to provide this service on behalf of the City. Since DHCD will not approve affordable housing units for inclusion in the Subsidized Housing Inventory unless a satisfactory monitoring plan is in place, it is in the applicant's interest to purchase this service from a qualified organization.

§ 315-12. Marketing plan.

- A. DHCD requires that all Chapter 40B eligible housing units be sold or rented under an approved marketing plan. The purpose of the marketing plan is to assure that as many qualified, income-eligible homebuyers or tenants as are reasonably possible are aware of an affordable housing opportunity and that the units will be made available on a nondiscriminatory basis.
- B. Although there are many low- or moderate-income households seeking affordable housing, the marketing process is sometimes difficult. As an aid to applicants, the Planning Board has included sample marketing plan information in an exhibit to these regulations (see Appendix D^[1]). It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare a final marketing plan, provide a draft for review by the Planning Board, and submit the final plan to DHCD for its approval. The marketing plan must be approved by DHCD prior to the issuance of any occupancy permits and/or lot releases.

[1] *Editor's Note: Appendix D is included as an attachment to this chapter.*

Article III. Alternatives to Providing Inclusion (On-Site) Units

§ 315-13. Alternatives authorized but not required.

Chapter 300, Zoning, § 300-108B, authorizes the Planning Board to grant a special permit for a proposed alternative to inclusion units. However, the Planning Board is not required to issue a special permit and reserves the right to deny one in order to implement the intent of the Inclusionary Housing Ordinance as stated in § 300-102. The following is a list of the possible alternatives to providing inclusion (on site) units and their respective requirements.

§ 315-14. Off-site affordable housing units.

- A. Applicants may apply for a special permit to provide equivalent affordable units in another location in Beverly, following the requirements in § 315-5 of these regulations. The procedures for determining the adequacy and acceptability of off-site units may require considerable time and expense for the applicant. However, in the absence of inclusion units, the City prefers off-site units because the goal of the Inclusionary Housing Ordinance is to create affordable housing. This option is available to interested applicants and the Planning Board will consider a special permit if all of the requirements listed in this section are met.
- B. On or before the date of application for a special permit, the applicant must have site control of either (a) land that will be used to build off-site units or (b) existing housing units that will be proposed as off-site units. In the case of land that will be used to build new off-site units, the special permit application must be accompanied by evidence satisfactory to the Planning Board that the land is developable for the required number of affordable units under existing zoning and subdivision regulations without variances, waivers or needed approvals of any kind, including from other bodies having regulatory authority over the development or any portion thereof (such as the Conservation Commission and Board of Health), unless such variances, waivers or approvals have already been obtained from such other authority. Satisfactory evidence will include, at minimum, a site analysis prepared by a registered professional engineer, an appraisal report prepared by a Massachusetts-certified appraiser and dated within one year of the application, and documentation of any variances or waivers received.
- C. If the applicant's off-site unit proposal involves existing housing units, the special permit application must demonstrate to the Planning Board's satisfaction that all of the following conditions have been or will be met:
 - (1) Evidence that the applicant will own the proposed location of the off-site units prior to the issuance of any building permits for market-rate units in the development.
 - (2) The housing unit(s) has (have) no violations of the State Building Code or Article II of the State Sanitary Code.
 - (3) The housing unit(s) has (have) no lead paint hazards, as evidenced by a lead paint inspection or certificate of compliance with the MA Lead Paint Law (indicating that lead paint hazards have been abated in accordance with Department of Public Health requirements).

- (4) The housing unit(s) is (are) vacant or are occupied by the seller or a qualified tenant pursuant to Chapter **300**, § **300-104A**, and no existing low- or moderate-income residential tenants will be displaced as a result of acquiring the unit(s) to satisfy the requirements of § **300-108B(1)**.
 - (5) The housing unit(s) is (are) generally comparable to market-rate units in the proposed development and of equal or greater quality than homes in the surrounding neighborhood, considering the standards for comparability in § **315-10** of these regulations.
- D. Approved off-site units must also comply with the same project schedule, affordability provisions and marketing plan requirements that apply to inclusion units (§§ **315-9**, **315-11** and **315-12**). The applicant may sell an approved off-site unit(s) to the Beverly Housing Authority or another nonprofit development organization that will be responsible for renting the unit(s) or marketing the unit(s) to eligible first-time homebuyers or that will retain ownership of the unit(s) and manage it as affordable rental housing.

§ 315-15. Fee in lieu of units.

- A. Applicants may apply for a special permit to pay a fee in lieu of creating affordable units. This provision applies to homeownership developments only. For each affordable unit provided through a fee in lieu of units, the cash payment shall be equal to 35% of the average of the lowest 50% of single-family home or condominium sale prices in the Beverly neighborhood in which the applicant is developing its units, for the three fiscal years immediately prior to the current fiscal year in which the application is made. The City of Beverly's Assessors' Office shall define the neighborhoods, as per its Neighborhood Codes, and determine which sales fall into its defined neighborhoods. The Planning Board shall update the fee schedule annually without a public hearing, shortly after the close of each fiscal year. See Appendix E for the current fee schedule.^[1]
- [1] *Editor's Note: Appendix E is included as an attachment to this chapter.*
- B. If there were no sales during any of the three fiscal years in the subject Neighborhood Code, the applicant shall rely on a comparable Neighborhood Code that had sales in each of the three fiscal years, as determined by the City of Beverly's Assessors' Office.
- C. Chapter **300**, § **300-108B(2)**, requires that fees in lieu of units shall be paid to the City's Affordable Housing Trust Fund. However, the trust fund has not been established as of the effective date of these regulations. As an interim measure, applicants may make cash payments to a gift account by prior arrangement with the City Treasurer. Fee-in-lieu-of-unit payments shall be made in accordance with § **300-114D**.

§ 315-16. Land donation.

- A. Applicants may apply for a special permit to provide affordable housing through a donation of buildable land. The applicant may propose to donate buildable land to the Beverly Housing Authority or a comparable entity approved by the Planning Board.
- B. The Planning Board reserves the right to approve or deny a land donation based on the following criteria:
- (1) The site's location; e.g., whether the location is at least as appropriate for new housing as the site the applicant plans to develop without inclusion units;
 - (2) The site's development potential under existing zoning and other development requirements and regulations;
 - (3) The probability of affordable units being constructed on the land within a reasonable period of time, to be determined by evidence that the nonprofit organization and/or Housing Authority is willing to accept the land and commits to the production of units; and
 - (4) The experience of the proposed nonprofit organization as a developer and/or manager of affordable housing.
- C. The applicant who proposes a land donation shall submit a site analysis, prepared by a registered professional engineer, which demonstrates to the Planning Board's satisfaction that the land is developable for the required

number of affordable units under existing zoning and subdivision regulations without variances, waivers or needed approvals of any kind, including from other bodies having regulatory authority over the development or any portion thereof (such as the Conservation Commission and Board of Health), unless such variances, waivers or approvals have already been obtained from such other authority. An appraisal report prepared by a Massachusetts-certified appraiser and dated within six months of the application must also be submitted. Donated land shall be subject to a restriction assuring its perpetual use for mixed-income or affordable housing.

Article IV. Special Permits

§ 315-17. Requirements.

Inclusionary housing special permits and inclusionary housing applications shall be filed simultaneously. Pursuant to Chapter **300**, Zoning, § **300-111**, application, review and decision procedures shall be in accordance with Chapter **300**, § **300-91**, and with the provisions of MGL c. 40A, § 9. In addition, each special permit application must satisfy the Planning Board that it meets the following requirements based on the applicable section:

- A. Section **300-107C(1)**, reduction of gross floor area for affordable detached one-family dwellings: provide calculations comparing the minimum gross floor area required under the regulations or guidelines of the Local Initiative Program to the proposed gross floor area of the affordable detached one-family dwellings and the average gross floor area of the market-rate dwellings.
- B. Section **300-108B**, alternative methods of providing affordable units: Refer to Article **III** of these regulations for requirements.
- C. Section **300-108C**, credit units: The Planning Board may grant a special permit for "credit units" if the developer provides a greater number of affordable units on-site than is required. These "extra" units may be applied to another development in a different location in order to reduce the number of affordable units in that project. The credit units must be applied within 10 years from the effective date of the special permit. Developers must adhere to the following requirements:
 - (1) The special permit application must be filed simultaneously with the inclusionary housing application.
 - (2) The developer must specify the number of affordable units to be credited.
 - (3) Credit units will be subject to the affordability and comparability requirements of Chapter **300**, Article **XV**.
 - (4) Purchase and rent prices for the credit units are subject to the affordability and market conditions of the time the units are applied to a future project.
- D. Section **300-109B**, density bonus for development with on-site and off-site affordable units: Off-site units under this section shall meet the description of off-site units provided in § **300-108B(1)**.

BEVERLY CODE

Is this project subject to Site Plan Review under § 300-98 or 300-54 of the Beverly Zoning Ordinance? Yes _____ No _____

Is this project subject to a Special Permit or subdivision filing with the Beverly Planning Board? Yes _____ No _____

(signature of property owner)

(signature of applicant if not owner)

Required Attachments

1. Site Plan conforming to Chapter 300, Zoning, § 300-54, 300-98 or 300-98 C, pursuant to § 315-5A(3) and (4) of the regulations.
2. Data demonstrating compliance with §§ 300-104, Housing affordability, and 300-106, Minimum percentage of affordable units, of the Zoning Ordinance.
3. Data demonstrating compliance with § 300-109, Dimensional and density regulations, of the Zoning Ordinance - for inclusion (on-site) units only.
4. Elevations, sample floor plans and interior finish specifications for typical market-rate and affordable housing units [unless applicant requests deferment from Planning Board pursuant to § 315-5A(8) of the regulations].
5. Draft Regulatory Agreement, Draft Affordable Housing Deed Rider and Draft Affirmative Marketing Plan.
6. For projects requiring a special permit pursuant to Article XV of the Zoning Ordinance, applicants shall submit information pursuant to Article IV of the regulations.

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

315 Attachment 2

City of Beverly

Appendix B
Sample Regulatory Agreement

To be used for informational purposes only.

LOCAL INITIATIVE PROGRAM

REGULATORY AGREEMENT AND DECLARATION OF RESTRICTIVE
COVENANTS FOR OWNERSHIP PROJECT¹

This Regulatory Agreement and Declaration of Restrictive Covenants (the "Agreement") is made this _____ day of _____ 20__ by and among the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, acting by and through the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD), pursuant to MGL c. 23B, § 1, as amended by Chapter 19 of the Acts of 2007, the City/Town of _____ ("the Municipality"), and _____, a Massachusetts corporation/limited partnership/limited-liability company, having an address at _____, and its successors and assigns ("Project Sponsor").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, pursuant to MGL c. 40B, §§ 20-23, (the "Act") and the final report of the Special Legislative Commission Relative to Low- and Moderate-Income Housing Provisions issued in April 1989, regulations have been promulgated at 760 CMR 56.00 (the "Regulations") which establish the Local Initiative Program ("LIP");

WHEREAS, the Project Sponsor intends to construct a housing development known as _____ at a _____-acre site on _____ Street/Road in the Municipality, more particularly described in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "Project");

WHEREAS, such Project is to consist of a total number of _____ condominium units/detached dwellings (the "Units") and _____ of the Units will be sold at prices specified in this Agreement to persons or households with incomes at or below 80% of the regional median household income (the "Low- and Moderate-Income Units");

WHEREAS, **[For comprehensive permit projects add:** upon application of the Chief Executive Officer of the Municipality (as that term is defined in the Regulations) and the Project Sponsor, DHCD made a determination of project eligibility pursuant to 760 CMR 56.04 and the Project Sponsor has received a comprehensive permit from the Zoning Board of Appeals of the Municipality, which permit is recorded/filed at the _____ Registry of Deeds/Registry District of the Land Court (the "Registry") in Book _____, Page _____/as Document No. _____ (the "Comprehensive Permit)] **[For Local Action Units add:** the Chief Executive Officer of the Municipality (as that term is defined in the Regulations) and the Project Sponsor have made application to DHCD to certify that the units

¹ Contact the Massachusetts Department of Housing and Community Development for model regulatory agreement for rental projects.

BEVERLY CODE

in the Project are Local Action Units [as that term is defined in the Comprehensive Permit Guidelines (the "Guidelines")] published by DHCD with the LIP Program; and

WHEREAS, in partial consideration of the execution of this Agreement, **[for comprehensive permit projects add:** DHCD is issuing its final approval of the Project within the LIP Program pursuant to Section 19 of this Agreement, and has given and will give technical and other assistance to the Project] **[for Local Action Units add:** DHCD has given and will give technical and other assistance to the Project];

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the agreements and covenants hereinafter set forth, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which each of the parties hereto hereby acknowledge to the other, DHCD, the Municipality, and the Project Sponsor hereby agree and covenant as follows:

1. The Project Sponsor agrees to construct the Project in accordance with plans and specifications approved by the Municipality and DHCD (the "Plans and Specifications") **[for comprehensive permit projects add:** and in accordance with all terms and conditions of the Comprehensive Permit]. In addition, all Low- and Moderate-Income Units to be constructed as part of the Project must be indistinguishable from other Units in the Project from the exterior [unless the Project has an approved "Alternative Development Plan" as set forth in the Comprehensive Permit Guidelines (the "Guidelines")] published by DHCD, and must contain complete living facilities, including but not limited to a stove, kitchen cabinets, plumbing fixtures, and washer/dryer hookup, all as more fully shown in the Plans and Specifications.

_____ of the Low- and Moderate-Income Units shall be one-bedroom units;
_____ of the Low- and Moderate-Income Units shall be two-bedroom units;
_____ of the Low- and Moderate-Income Units shall be three-bedroom units; and
_____ of the Low- and Moderate-Income Units shall be four-bedroom units.

All Low- and Moderate-Income Units to be occupied by families must contain two or more bedrooms. Low- and Moderate-Income Units must have the following minimum areas:

One-bedroom units: 700 square feet
Two-bedroom units: 900 square feet
Three-bedroom units: 1,200 square feet
Four-bedroom units: 1,400 square feet

The Project must fully comply with the State Building Code and with all applicable state and federal building, environmental, health, safety and other laws, rules, and regulations, including without limitation all applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations relating to the operation of adaptable and accessible housing for the handicapped. **[For comprehensive permit projects add:** Except to the extent that the Project is exempted from such compliance by the Comprehensive Permit,] the Project must also comply with all applicable local codes, ordinances and bylaws.

Each Low- and Moderate-Income Unit will be sold for no more than the price set forth in Exhibit B attached hereto and made a part hereof to an Eligible Purchaser. An Eligible Purchaser is a Family (i) whose annual income does not exceed 80% of the Area Median Income adjusted for family size as determined by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and (ii) whose assets do not exceed the limits specified in the Guidelines. A "Family" shall mean two or more persons who will live regularly in the Low- or Moderate-Income Unit as their primary residence and who are related by blood, marriage, or operation of law or who have otherwise evidenced a stable inter-dependent

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

relationship; or an individual. The "Area" is defined as the _____
MSA/HMFA/County.

2. Upon the occurrence of one of the events described in 760 CMR 56.03(2), the Project will be included in the Subsidized Housing Inventory as that term is described in 760 CMR 56.01. Only Low- and Moderate-Income Units will be counted as SHI Eligible Housing as that term is described in 760 CMR 56.01 for the purposes of the Act.
3. (a) At the time of sale of each Low- and Moderate-Income Unit by the Project Sponsor, the Project Sponsor shall execute and shall as a condition of the sale cause the purchaser of the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit to execute an Affordable Housing Deed Rider in the form of Exhibit C attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "Deed Rider"). Such Deed Rider shall be attached to and made a part of the deed from the Project Sponsor to the Unit Purchaser. Each such Deed Rider shall require the Unit Purchaser at the time he desires to sell the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit to offer the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit to the Municipality and to DHCD at a discounted purchase price more particularly described therein. The Municipality and DHCD shall have the option, upon terms more particularly described in the Deed Rider, to either purchase the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit or to find an Eligible Purchaser. The Deed Rider shall require the Unit Purchaser and the Eligible Purchaser to execute at the time of resale a Deed Rider identical in form and substance to the Deed Rider then in effect with respect to the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit which will be attached and made a part of the deed from the Unit Purchaser to the Eligible Purchaser, so that the affordability of the Low- and Moderate-Income unit will be preserved each time that subsequent resales of the Low- and Moderate-Income unit occur. (The various requirements and restrictions regarding resale of a Low- and Moderate-Income Unit contained in the Deed Rider are hereinafter referred to as the "Resale Restrictions"). If upon the initial resale or any subsequent resale of a Low- and Moderate-Income Unit, the Municipality and DHCD are unable to find an Eligible Purchaser for the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit, and the Municipality and DHCD each elect not to exercise its right to purchase the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit, then the then-current owner of the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit shall have the right to sell the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit to any person, regardless of his income (an "Ineligible Purchaser") at the Maximum Resale Price and subject to all rights and restrictions contained in the Deed Rider, and provided that the Unit is conveyed subject to a Deed Rider identical in form and substance to the Deed Rider then in effect with respect to the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit which will be attached and made part of the deed from the Unit Purchaser to the Ineligible Purchaser.
- (b) For each sale of a Low- and Moderate-Income Unit, DHCD must approve the terms of the Eligible Purchaser's mortgage financing as evidenced by DHCD's issuance of the Resale Price Certificate described in the Deed Rider.
- (c) The Municipality agrees that in the event that it purchases a Low- and Moderate-Income Unit pursuant to its right to do so contained in the Deed Rider then in effect with respect to such Low- and Moderate-Income Unit, the Municipality shall, within six months of its acceptance of a deed of such Low- and Moderate-Income Unit, either (i) sell the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit to an Eligible Purchaser at the same price for which it purchased the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit plus any expenses incurred by the Municipality during its period of ownership, such expenses to be approved by DHCD, subject to a Deed Rider satisfactory in form and substance to DHCD and the recording of an Eligible Purchaser Certificate satisfactory in form and substance to

BEVERLY CODE

DHCD, the method for selecting such Eligible Purchaser to be approved by DHCD or (ii) rent the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit to a person who meets the income guidelines of the LIP Program, upon terms and conditions satisfactory to DHCD and otherwise in conformity with the requirements of the LIP Program. If the Municipality fails to sell or rent the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit as provided herein within said six-month period, or if at any time after the initial rental of the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit by the Municipality as provided herein the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit becomes vacant and remains vacant for more than 90 days, then such Low- and Moderate-Income Unit shall cease to be counted as SHI Eligible Housing, and shall no longer be included in the Subsidized Housing Inventory.

- (d) Each Low- and Moderate-Income Unit will remain SHI Eligible Housing and continue to be included in the Subsidized Housing Inventory for as long as the following three conditions are met: (1) this Agreement remains in full force and effect and neither the Municipality nor the Project Sponsor is in default hereunder; (2) the Project and Low- and Moderate-Income Unit each continue to comply with the Regulations and the Guidelines as the same may be amended from time to time; and (3) either (i) a Deed Rider binding the then-current owner of the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit to comply with the Resale Restrictions is in full force and effect and the then-current owner of the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit is either in compliance with the terms of the Deed Rider, or the Municipality is in the process of taking such steps as may be required by DHCD to enforce the then-current owner's compliance with the terms of the Deed Rider or (ii) the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit is owned by the Municipality and the Municipality is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the last preceding paragraph, or (iii) the Low- and Moderate-Income Unit is owned by DHCD.
4. **[For comprehensive permit projects where the Project Sponsor is a for-profit entity add:**
- (a) Effective August 7, 2007, DHCD has adopted the policies, procedures, and forms for determining limited dividend compliance set forth in the MassHousing document entitled "Preparation of Cost Certification upon Completion of Homeownership 40B Project for Which MassHousing Serves as Project Administrator: Guidance to Developers and Municipalities" (the "MassHousing Guidance"). The MassHousing Guidance shall govern the cost certifications obligations of the Project Sponsor under this Agreement.
 - (b) The Project Sponsor shall be a limited dividend organization as defined by 760 CMR 56.01. Project Sponsor agrees that the aggregate profit from the Project which shall be payable to Project Sponsor or to the partners, shareholders or other owners of Project Sponsor or the Project shall not exceed 20% of total development costs of the Project, which development costs have been approved by DHCD (the "Allowable Profit").
 - (c) Within 180 days after Substantial Completion of the Project (as that term is defined in the MassHousing Guidance) or, if later, within 60 days of the date on which all units in the Project are sold, the Project Sponsor shall deliver to the Municipality and to DHCD an itemized statement of total development costs together with a statement of gross income from the Project received by the Project Sponsor to date in form satisfactory to DHCD (the "Certified Cost and Income Statement") prepared and certified by a certified public accountant satisfactory to DHCD. DHCD requires the prequalification of the certified public accountant hired by the Project Sponsor as more particularly set

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

forth in Article IV(D) of the Guidelines. If all units at the Project have not been sold within 24 months of Substantial Completion, a sale price for the remaining unsold units shall be imputed in an amount equal to the average of the last three arms-length sales of comparable units, and a final Certified Cost and Income Statement shall be required within 60 days thereafter. Prior to DHCD's acceptance of the Certified Cost and Income Statement and for a period of 30 days after DHCD provides the Municipality with its determination of compliance with the limited dividend requirement, the Municipality shall have the option of having the Certified Cost and Income Statement evaluated for accuracy (e.g., absence of material errors), applying the same standards as DHCD by an independent auditor selected by the Municipality and paid for by the Project Sponsor, provided that the Project Sponsor shall not be required to pay more than \$5,000 for this purpose. DHCD will reasonably review any inaccuracies identified by the Municipality during this period and shall thereafter make a final determination of the Project Sponsor's compliance with the limited dividend requirement.

- (d) All profits from the Project in excess of the Allowable Profit (the "Excess Profit") shall be paid by the Project Sponsor to the Municipality. The Municipality agrees that upon the receipt by the Municipality of any Excess Profit, the Municipality shall deposit any and all such Excess Profit into an affordable housing fund, if one exists in the Municipality, and otherwise into a fund established pursuant to MGL c.44, § 53A, to be used by the Municipality for the purpose of reducing the cost of Low- and Moderate-Income Units to Eligible Purchasers upon resale or for the purpose of encouraging, creating, or subsidizing the construction or rehabilitation of housing for persons and families of low and moderate income elsewhere in the Municipality. The expenditure of funds from the Affordable Housing Fund shall be reported on an annual basis to DHCD. For so long as the Project Sponsor complies with the requirements of this Section 4, the Project Sponsor shall be deemed to be a limited dividend organization within the meaning of the Act.]

[For comprehensive permit projects where the Project Sponsor is a nonprofit entity add: Within 180 days after Substantial Completion of the Project or, if later, within 60 days of the date on which all the units in the Project are sold, the Project Sponsor shall complete and deliver to the Municipality and to DHCD the section of the Local Initiative Program Application for Comprehensive Permit Projects entitled "Project Feasibility - Ownership Projects" (ownership pro forma, profit analysis, and cost analysis), documenting the actual development costs of and income from the Project, prepared and signed by the Chief Financial Officer of the Project Sponsor. Substantial Completion shall be deemed to have occurred when construction of the Project is sufficiently complete so that the Unit may be occupied and amenities may be used for their intended purpose, except for designated punch list items and seasonal work which does not interfere with the residential use of the Low- and Moderate-Income Units.

5. (a) Prior to marketing or otherwise making available for sale any of the Units, the Project Sponsor must obtain DHCD's approval of a marketing plan (the "Marketing Plan") for the Low- and Moderate-Income Units. Such Marketing Plan must describe the buyer selection process for the Low- and Moderate-Income Units and must set forth a plan for affirmative fair marketing of Low- and Moderate-Income Units and effective outreach to protected groups underrepresented in the municipality, including provisions for a lottery, consistent with the Regulations and Guidelines. At the option of the Municipality, and provided that the Marketing Plan demonstrates (i) the need for the

BEVERLY CODE

local preference (e.g., a disproportionately low rental or ownership affordable housing stock relative to need in comparison to the regional area), and (ii) that the proposed local preference will not have a disparate impact on protected classes, the Marketing Plan may also include a preference for local residents for up to 70% of the Low- and Moderate-Income Units, subject to all provisions of the Regulations and Guidelines. When submitted to DHCD for approval, the Marketing Plan should be accompanied by a letter from the Chief Executive Officer of the Municipality (as that term is defined in the Regulations) which states that the buyer selection and local preference (if any) aspects of the Marketing Plan have been approved by the Municipality and which states that the Municipality will perform any aspects of the Marketing Plan which are set forth as responsibilities of the Municipality in the Marketing Plan. The Marketing Plan must comply with the Regulations and Guidelines and with all other applicable statutes, regulations and executive orders, and DHCD directives reflecting the agreement between DHCD and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development in the case of *NAACP, Boston Chapter v. Kemp*. **If the Project is located in the Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH MSA, the Project Sponsor must list all Low- and Moderate-Income Units with the Boston Fair Housing Commission's MetroList (Metropolitan Housing Opportunity Clearing Center); other requirements for listing of units are specified in the Guidelines.** All costs of carrying out the Marketing Plan shall be paid by the Project Sponsor.

- (b) The Project Sponsor may use in-house staff to draft and/or implement the Marketing Plan, provided that such staff meets the qualifications described in the Guidelines. The Project Sponsor may contract for such services, provided that any such contractor must be experienced and qualified under the standards set forth in the Guidelines. A failure to comply with the Marketing Plan by the Project Sponsor or by the Municipality shall be deemed to be a default of this Agreement. The Project Sponsor agrees to maintain, for at least five years following the sale of the last Low- and Moderate-Income Unit, a record of all newspaper ads, outreach letters, translations, leaflets, and any other outreach efforts (collectively "Marketing Documentation") as described in the Marketing Plan as approved by DHCD, which may be inspected at any time by DHCD. All Marketing Documentation must be approved by DHCD prior to its use by the Project Sponsor or the Municipality. The Project Sponsor and the Municipality agree that if at any time prior to or during the process of marketing the Low- and Moderate-Income Units, DHCD determines that the Project Sponsor, or the Municipality with respect to aspects of the Marketing Plan that the Municipality has agreed to be responsible for, has not adequately complied with the approved Marketing Plan, the Project Sponsor or Municipality, as the case may be, shall conduct such additional outreach or marketing efforts as shall be determined by DHCD.
6. Neither the Project Sponsor nor the Municipality shall discriminate on the basis of race, religion, color, sex, sexual orientation, familial status, age, handicap, marital status, national origin, genetic information, ancestry, children, receipt of public assistance, or any other basis prohibited by law in the selection of buyers for the Units; and the Project Sponsor shall not so discriminate in connection with the employment or application for employment of persons for the construction, operation or management of the Project.
7. (a) The Project Sponsor agrees to comply and to cause the Project to comply with all requirements of the Regulations and Guidelines and all other applicable laws, rules, regulations, and executive orders. DHCD and the Chief Executive Officer of the municipality shall have access during normal business hours to all books and records of

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

the Project Sponsor and the Project in order to monitor the Project Sponsor's compliance with the terms of this Agreement.

- (b) Throughout the term of this Agreement, the Chief Executive Officer shall annually certify in writing to DHCD that each of the Low- and Moderate-Income Units continues to be occupied by a person who was an Eligible Purchaser at the time of purchase; that any Low- and Moderate-Income Units which have been resold during the year have been resold in compliance with all of the terms and provisions of the Deed Rider then in effect with respect to each such Low- and Moderate-Income Unit, and in compliance with the Regulations and Guidelines and this Agreement; and that the Project and the Low- and Moderate-Income Units have otherwise been maintained in a manner consistent with the Regulations and Guidelines, this Agreement, and the Deed Rider then in effect with respect to each Low- and Moderate-Income Unit.
8. Upon execution, the Project Sponsor shall immediately cause this Agreement and any amendments hereto to be recorded/filed with the Registry, and the Project Sponsor shall pay all fees and charges incurred in connection therewith. Upon recording or filing, as applicable, the Project Sponsor shall immediately transmit to DHCD and the Municipality evidence of such recording or filing, including the date and instrument, book and page or registration number of the Agreement.
9. The Project Sponsor hereby represents, covenants and warrants as follows:
 - (a) The Project Sponsor (i) is a _____ duly organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and is qualified to transact business under the laws of this State, (ii) has the power and authority to own its properties and assets and to carry on its business as now being conducted, and (iii) has the full legal right, power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement.
 - (b) The execution and performance of this Agreement by the Project Sponsor (i) will not violate or, as applicable, has not violated any provision of law, rule or regulation, or any order of any court or other agency or governmental body, and (ii) will not violate or, as applicable, has not violated any provision of any indenture, agreement, mortgage, mortgage note, or other instrument to which the Project Sponsor is a party or by which it or the Project is bound, and (iii) will not result in the creation or imposition of any prohibited encumbrance of any nature.
 - (c) The Project Sponsor will, at the time of execution and delivery of this Agreement, have good and marketable title to the premises constituting the Project free and clear of any lien or encumbrance (subject to encumbrances created pursuant to this Agreement, any loan documents relating to the Project the terms of which are approved by DHCD, or other permitted encumbrances, including mortgages referred in Paragraph 19, below).
 - (d) There is no action, suit or proceeding at law or in equity or by or before any governmental instrumentality or other agency now pending, or, to the knowledge of the Project Sponsor, threatened against or affecting it, or any of its properties or rights, which, if adversely determined, would materially impair its right to carry on business substantially as now conducted (and as now contemplated by this Agreement) or would materially or adversely affect its financial condition.
10. Except for sales of Units to home buyers as permitted by the terms of this Agreement, Project Sponsor will not sell, transfer, lease, exchange or mortgage the Project without the prior written consent of DHCD and the Municipality.

BEVERLY CODE

11. Until such time as decisions regarding repair of damage due to fire or other casualty, or restoration after taking by eminent domain, shall be made by a condominium association or trust not controlled by the Project Sponsor (or if the Project consists of detached dwellings, by homebuyers), Project Sponsor agrees that if the Project, or any part thereof, shall be damaged or destroyed or shall be condemned or acquired for public use, the Project Sponsor will use its best efforts to repair and restore the Project to substantially the same condition as existed prior to the event causing such damage or destruction, or to relieve the condemnation, and thereafter to operate the Project in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, subject to the approval of the Project's lenders, which lenders have been approved by DHCD and the Municipality.
12. This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Any amendments to this Agreement must be in writing and executed by all of the parties hereto. The invalidity of any clause, part, or provision of this Agreement shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions hereof.
13. All notices to be given pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed given when delivered by hand or when mailed by certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, to the parties hereto at the addresses set forth below, or to such other place as a party may from time to time designate by written notice:

DHCD: Department of Housing and Community Development
Attention: Local Initiative Program Director
100 Cambridge Street, Suite 300
Boston, MA 02114

Municipality:

Project Sponsor:

14. (a) This Agreement and all of the covenants, agreements and restrictions contained herein shall be deemed to be an affordable housing restriction as that term is defined in MGL c. 184, § 31, and as that term is used in MGL c.184, §§ 26, 31, 32 and 33. This Agreement is made for the benefit of DHCD, and DHCD shall be deemed to be the holder of the affordable housing restriction created by this Agreement. DHCD has determined that the acquiring of such affordable housing restriction is in the public interest. The term of this Agreement shall be perpetual; provided, however, that this Agreement shall terminate if (a) at any time hereafter there is no Low- and Moderate-Income Unit at the Project which is then subject to a Deed Rider containing the Resale Restrictions, and there is no Low- and Moderate-Income Unit at the Project which is owned by the Municipality or DHCD as provided in Section 4 hereof, or (b) the holder of record of a first mortgage granted to a state or national bank, state or federal savings and loan association, cooperative bank, mortgage company, trust company, insurance company, or other institutional or governmental lender shall acquire the Project by foreclosure or by instrument in lieu of foreclosure, provided that the holder of the

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

mortgage gives DHCD and the Municipality not less than 60 days' prior written notice of the mortgagee's intention to foreclose upon the Project or to accept an instrument in lieu of foreclosure, or **[for comprehensive permit projects add:** (c) if a Comprehensive Permit is not granted to the Project Sponsor for the Project by either the Municipality's Board of Appeals (as that term is defined in the Regulations) or by the Housing Appeals Committee (as that term is used in the Act) within a period of 18 months from the date of execution of this Agreement, or] **[for comprehensive permit projects add:** (d) if at any time the Comprehensive Permit is revoked and all applicable appeal periods with respect to such revocation have expired]. If this Agreement terminates because of a foreclosure or the acceptance of an instrument in lieu of foreclosure as set forth in clause (b) of this paragraph, the Municipality agrees that if at the time of such termination there is one or more Low- and Moderate-Income Unit at the Project which is then subject to a Deed Rider containing the Resale Restrictions or there is one or more Low- and Moderate-Income Unit at the Project which is owned by the Municipality or DHCD as provided in Section 4 hereof, the Municipality shall enter into a new Regulatory Agreement with DHCD with respect to such Low- and Moderate-Income Units which shall be satisfactory in form and substance to DHCD. The rights and restrictions contained herein shall not lapse if the Property is acquired through foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure by (i) the Project Sponsor, (ii) any person with a direct or indirect financial interest in the Project Sponsor, (iii) any person related to a person described in clause (ii) by blood, adoption or marriage, (iv) any person who is or at any time was a business associate of a person described in clause (ii), and (v) any entity in which any of the foregoing have a direct or indirect financial interest (each a "Related Party"). Furthermore, if the Project is subsequently acquired by a Related Party during the term of this Agreement, this Agreement shall be revived and shall apply to the Project as though it had never lapsed.

- (b) The Project Sponsor intends, declares and covenants on behalf of itself and its successors and assigns (i) that this Agreement and the covenants, agreements and restrictions contained herein shall be and are covenants running with the land, encumbering the Project for the term of this Agreement, and are binding upon the Project Sponsor's successors in title, (ii) are not merely personal covenants of the Project Sponsor, and (iii) shall bind the Project Sponsor, its successors and assigns and enure to the benefit of DHCD and its successors and assigns for the term of the Agreement. Project Sponsor hereby agrees that any and all requirements of the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts to be satisfied in order for the provisions of this Agreement to constitute restrictions and covenants running with the land shall be deemed to be satisfied in full and that any requirements of privity of estate are also deemed to be satisfied in full.
- (c) The Resale Restrictions contained in each of the Deed Riders which are to encumber each of the Low- and Moderate-Income Units at the Project pursuant to the requirements of this Agreement shall also constitute an affordable housing restriction as that term is defined in MGL c. 184, § 31, and as that term is used in MGL c. 184, §§ 26, 31, 32, and 33. Such Resale Restrictions shall be for the benefit of both DHCD and the Municipality and both DHCD and the Municipality shall be deemed to be the holder of the affordable housing restriction created by the Resale Restrictions in each of the Deed Riders. DHCD has determined that the acquiring of such affordable housing restriction is in the public interest. To the extent that the Municipality is the holder of the Resale Restrictions to be contained in each of the Deed Riders, the Director of DHCD by the

BEVERLY CODE

execution of this Agreement hereby approves such Resale Restrictions in each of the Deed Riders for the Low- and Moderate-Income Units of the Project as required by the provisions of MGL c. 184, § 32.

15. The Project Sponsor and the Municipality each agree to submit any information, documents, or certifications requested by DHCD which DHCD shall deem necessary or appropriate to evidence the continuing compliance of the Project Sponsor and the Municipality with the terms of this Agreement.
16. (a) The Project Sponsor and the Municipality each covenant and agree to give DHCD written notice of any default, violation or breach of the obligations of the Project Sponsor or the Municipality hereunder (with a copy to the other party to this Agreement) within seven days of first discovering such default, violation or breach (a "Default Notice"). If DHCD becomes aware of a default, violation, or breach of obligations of the Project Sponsor or the Municipality hereunder without receiving a Default Notice from Project Sponsor or the Municipality, DHCD shall give a notice of such default, breach or violation to the offending party (with a copy to the other party to this Agreement) (the "DHCD Default Notice"). If any such default, violation, or breach is not cured to the satisfaction of DHCD within 30 days after the giving of the Default Notice by the Project Sponsor or the Municipality, or if no Default Notice is given, then within 30 days after the giving of the DHCD Default Notice, then at DHCD's option, and without further notice, DHCD may terminate this Agreement, or DHCD may apply to any state or federal court for specific performance of this Agreement, or DHCD may exercise any other remedy at law or in equity or take any other action as may be necessary or desirable to correct noncompliance with this Agreement.

(b) If DHCD elects to terminate this Agreement as the result of a breach, violation, or default hereof, which breach, violation, or default continues beyond the cure period set forth in this Section 16, then the Low- and Moderate-Income Units and any other Units at the Project which have been included in the Subsidized Housing Inventory shall from the date of such termination no longer be deemed SHI Eligible Housing for the purposes of the Act and shall be deleted from the Subsidized Housing Inventory. The foregoing sentence shall not apply to Low- and Moderate-Income Units that have been conveyed in compliance and remain in compliance with Section 3 of this Agreement.
17. The Project Sponsor represents and warrants that it has obtained the consent of all existing mortgagees of the Project to the execution and recording of this Agreement and to the terms and conditions hereof and that all such mortgagees have executed the Consent to Regulatory Agreement attached hereto and made a part hereof.
18. DHCD may delegate to the Municipality any of its oversight and enforcement responsibilities under this Agreement by providing written notice of such delegation to the Project Sponsor and the Municipality.

[For comprehensive permit projects add: 19(a). When executed by DHCD, this Agreement shall constitute Final Approval of the Project as described in 760 CMR 56.04(7). DHCD hereby reaffirms and incorporates by reference in this Agreement each of the findings with respect to project eligibility required by 760 CMR 56.04(1) made in the Site Eligibility Letter for the Project dated _____.] **[If the Project Sponsor is a for-profit entity add:** The Project Sponsor hereby explicitly acknowledges its obligation to comply with the cost examination requirements defined in 760 CMR 56.04(8).]

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

[If the Project Sponsor is a for-profit entity add: (b) The Project Sponsor has provided financial surety in a form and in the amount required by the Guidelines to ensure completion of the cost examination to the satisfaction of the DHCD and the distribution of excess funds as required at 760 CMR 56.04(8)(e). DHCD will provide a copy of this Agreement to the Municipality's Board of Appeals as required by 760 CMR 56.04(7).]

Executed as a sealed instrument as of the date first above written.

Project Sponsor

By: _____

its _____

Department of Housing and
Community Development

By: _____

its Director

Municipality

By: _____

its _____
(Chief Executive Officer)

LSI\fl-ra

- Attachments: Exhibit A - Legal Property Description
- Exhibit B - Prices and Location of Low- and Moderate-Income Units
- Exhibit C - Form of Deed Rider

Consent forms signed by any and all mortgagees whose mortgages are recorded prior to this Regulatory Agreement must be attached to this Regulatory Agreement.

©DHCD When used in the Local Initiative Program, this form may not be modified without the written approval of the Department of Housing and Community Development.

BEVERLY CODE

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

COUNTY OF _____, ss. _____, 20__

On this ____ day of _____, 20 __, before me, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared _____, proved to me through satisfactory evidence of identification, which were _____, to be the person whose name is signed on the preceding document, as _____ of the _____ [Project Sponsor], and acknowledged to me that he/she signed it voluntarily for its stated purpose.

Notary Public
Print Name:
My Commission Expires:

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK, ss. _____, 20__

On this ____ day of _____, 20 __, before me, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared _____, proved to me through satisfactory evidence of identification, which were _____, to be the person whose name is signed on the preceding document, as _____ for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts acting by and through the Department of Housing and Community Development, and acknowledged to me that he/she signed it voluntarily for its stated purpose.

Notary Public
Print Name:
My Commission Expires:

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

COUNTY OF _____, ss. _____, 20__

On this ____ day of _____, 20 __, before me, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared _____, proved to me through satisfactory evidence of identification, which were _____, to be the person whose name is signed on the preceding document, as _____ for the City/Town of _____, and acknowledged to me that he/she signed it voluntarily for its stated purpose.

Notary Public
Print Name:
My Commission Expires:

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS
CONSENT TO REGULATORY AGREEMENT

Re: _____
(Project name)

(City/Town)

(Project Sponsor)

The Undersigned being the holder of a mortgage on the above described Project recorded with the Registry of Deeds in Book _____, Page _____, hereby consents to the execution and recording of this Agreement and to the terms and conditions hereof.

(name of lender)

By: _____

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

COUNTY OF _____, ss. _____, 20__

On this ____ day of _____, 20 __, before me, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared _____, proved to me through satisfactory evidence of identification, which were _____, to be the person whose name is signed on the preceding document, as _____ of _____ Bank, and acknowledged to me that he/she signed it voluntarily for its stated purpose.

Notary Public
Print Name:
My Commission Expires:

(If the Project has more than one mortgagee, add additional consent forms. Execution of the consent form by a mortgagee is only necessary if the mortgage has been recorded prior to the Regulatory Agreement.)

BEVERLY CODE

EXHIBIT A

Re: _____
(Project name)

(City/Town)

(Project Sponsor)

Property Description

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

EXHIBIT B

Re: _____
(Project name)

(City/Town)

(Project Sponsor)

**Maximum Selling Prices, Initial Condominium Fees, and
Percentage Interest Assigned to Low- and Moderate-Income Units**

	Sale Price	Condo Fee	% Interest
One-bedroom units	\$ _____	\$ _____	_____
Two-bedroom units	\$ _____	\$ _____	_____
Three-bedroom units	\$ _____	\$ _____	_____
Four-bedroom units	\$ _____	\$ _____	_____

Location of Low- and Moderate-Income Units

The housing units which are Low- and Moderate-Income Units are those designated as lot/unit numbers _____ on:

- a plan of land entitled _____
recorded with the _____ Registry of Deeds in Book _____ Page _____.
- floor plans recorded with the Master Deed of the _____ Condominium
recorded with the _____ Registry of Deeds in Book _____ Page _____.

BEVERLY CODE

EXHIBIT C

[TO BE REPLACED BY BLANK DEED RIDER]

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

315 Attachment 3

City of Beverly

Appendix C
Sample Affordable Housing Deed Rider

To be used for informational purposes only.

LOCAL INITIATIVE PROGRAM
AFFORDABLE HOUSING DEED RIDER

For Projects in Which Affordability Restrictions Survive Foreclosure

made part of that certain deed (the "Deed") of certain property (the "Property") from _____ ("Grantor") to _____ ("Owner") dated _____, 20____. The Property is located in the City/Town of _____ (the "Municipality").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Grantor is conveying that certain real property more particularly described in the Deed to the Owner at a consideration which is less than the fair market value of the Property; and

WHEREAS, the Property is part of a project which was: [check all that are applicable]

- (i) granted a Comprehensive Permit under Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 40B, Sections 20-23, from the Board of Appeals of the Municipality or the Housing Appeals Committee and recorded/filed with the _____ County Registry of Deeds/Registry District of Land Court (the "Registry") in Book _____, Page _____/Document No. _____ (the "Comprehensive Permit");
- (ii) subject to a Regulatory Agreement among _____ (the "Developer"), [Massachusetts Housing Finance Agency ("MassHousing"), [the Massachusetts Department of Housing and Community Development] ("DHCD") [the Municipality; and [_____, dated _____ and recorded/filed with the Registry in Book _____, Page _____/as Document No. _____ (the "Regulatory Agreement"); and
- (iii) subsidized by the federal or state government under the Local Initiative Program, a program to assist construction of low or moderate income housing the "Program"; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Program, eligible purchasers such as the Owner are given the opportunity to purchase residential property at less than its fair market value if the purchaser agrees to certain use and transfer restrictions, including an agreement to occupy the property as a principal residence and to convey the property for an amount not greater than a maximum resale price, all as more fully provided herein; and

BEVERLY CODE

WHEREAS, DHCD (singly, or if more than one entity is listed, collectively, the “Monitoring Agent”) is obligated by the Program or has been retained to monitor compliance with and to enforce the terms of this Deed Rider, and eligible purchasers such as the Owner may be required to pay to the Monitoring Agent, or its successor, a small percentage of the resale price upon the Owner’s conveyance of the Property, as set out in the Regulatory Agreement and as more fully provided herein; and

WHEREAS, the rights and restrictions granted herein to the Monitoring Agent and the Municipality serve the public’s interest in the creation and retention of affordable housing for persons and households of low and moderate income and in the restricting of the resale price of property in order to assure its affordability by future low- and moderate-income purchasers.

NOW, THEREFORE, as further consideration for the conveyance of the Property at less than fair market value, the Grantor and the Owner, including his/her/their heirs, successors and assigns, hereby agree that the Property shall be subject to the following rights and restrictions which are imposed for the benefit of, and shall be enforceable by, the Municipality and the Monitoring Agent, and, if DHCD is a party to the Regulatory Agreement and is not the Monitoring Agent, by DHCD.

1. **Definitions.** In this Deed Rider, in addition to the terms defined above, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings:

Affordable Housing Fund means a fund established by the Municipality for the purpose of reducing the cost of housing for Eligible Purchasers or for the purpose of encouraging, creating, or subsidizing the construction or rehabilitation of housing for Eligible Purchasers or, if no such fund exists, a fund established by the Municipality pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 44 Section 53A et seq.

Applicable Foreclosure Price shall have the meaning set forth in Section 7(b) hereof.

Appropriate Size Household means a household containing a number of members equal to the number of bedrooms in the Property plus one.

Approved Capital Improvements means the documented commercially reasonable cost of extraordinary capital improvements made to the Property by the Owner; provided that the Monitoring Agent shall have given written authorization for incurring such cost prior to the cost being incurred and that the original cost of such improvements shall be discounted over the course of their useful life.

Area means the Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area or non-metropolitan area that includes the Municipality, as determined by HUD, which in this case is _____.

Area Median Income means the most recently published median income for the Area adjusted for household size as determined by HUD. If HUD discontinues publication of Area Median Income, the income statistics used by MassHousing for its low- and moderate-income housing programs shall apply.

Base Income Number means the Area Median Income for a four-person household.

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

Chief Executive Officer shall mean the Mayor in a city or the Board of Selectmen in a town unless some other municipal office is designated to be the chief executive officer under the provisions of a local charter.

Closing shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5(b) hereof.

Compliance Certificate shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6(a) hereof.

Conveyance Notice shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4(a) hereof.

Eligible Purchaser means an individual or household earning no more than 80% of Area Median Income (or, if checked [] _____ percent (____%) of Area Median Income, as required by the Program) and owning assets not in excess of the limit set forth in the Program Guidelines. To be considered an Eligible Purchaser, the individual or household must intend to occupy and thereafter must occupy the Property as his, her or their principal residence and must provide to the Monitoring Agent such certifications as to income, assets and residency as the Monitoring Agent may require to determine eligibility as an Eligible Purchaser. An Eligible Purchaser shall be a First-Time Homebuyer if required by the Program and as specified in the Regulatory Agreement.

First-Time Homebuyer means an individual or household, of which no household member has had an ownership interest in a principal residence at any time during the three-year period prior to the date of qualification as an Eligible Purchaser, except that (i) any individual who is a displaced homemaker (as may be defined by DHCD) (ii) and any individual age 55 or over (applying for age 55 or over housing) shall not be excluded from consideration as a First-Time Homebuyer under this definition on the basis that the individual, owned a home or had an ownership interest in a principal residence at any time during the three-year period.

Foreclosure Notice shall have the meaning set forth in Section 7(a) hereof.

HUD means the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Ineligible Purchaser means an individual or household not meeting the requirements to be eligible as an Eligible Purchaser.

Maximum Resale Price means the sum of (i) the Base Income Number (at the time of resale) multiplied by the Resale Price Multiplier, plus (ii) the Resale Fee and any necessary marketing expenses (including broker's fees) as may have been approved by the Monitoring Agent, plus (iii) Approved Capital Improvements, if any (the original cost of which shall have been discounted over time, as calculated by the Monitoring Agent); provided that in no event shall the Maximum Resale Price be greater than the purchase price for which a credit-worthy Eligible Purchaser earning 70% of the Area Median Income (or, if checked [] _____ percent (____%) of Area Median Income, as required by the Program) for an Appropriate Size Household could obtain mortgage financing (as such purchase price is determined by the Monitoring Agent using the same methodology then used by DHCD for its Local Initiative Program or similar comprehensive permit program); and further provided that the Maximum Resale Price shall not be less than the purchase price paid for the Property by the Owner unless the Owner agrees to accept a lesser price.

BEVERLY CODE

Monitoring Services Agreement means any Monitoring Services Agreement for monitoring and enforcement of this Deed Rider among some or all of the Developer, the Monitoring Agent, the Municipality, MassHousing and DHCD.

Mortgage Satisfaction Amount shall have the meaning set forth in Section 7(b) hereof.

Mortgagee shall have the meaning set forth in Section 7(a) hereof.

Program Guidelines means the regulations and/or guidelines issued for the applicable Program and controlling its operations, as amended from time to time.

Resale Fee means a fee of 2% of the Base Income Number (at the time of resale) multiplied by the Resale Price Multiplier, to be paid to the Monitoring Agent as compensation for monitoring and enforcing compliance with the terms of this Deed Rider, including the supervision of the resale process.

Resale Price Certificate means the certificate issued as may be specified in the Regulatory Agreement and recorded with the first deed of the Property from the Developer, or the subsequent certificate (if any) issued as may be specified in the Regulatory Agreement, which sets forth the Resale Price Multiplier to be applied on the Owner's sale of the Property, as provided herein, for so long as the restrictions set forth herein continue. In the absence of contrary specification in the Regulatory Agreement the Monitoring Agent shall issue the certificate.

Resale Price Multiplier means the number calculated by dividing the Property's initial sale price by the Base Income Number at the time of the initial sale from the Developer to the first Eligible Purchaser. The Resale Price Multiplier will be multiplied by the Base Income Number at the time of the Owner's resale of the Property to determine the Maximum Resale Price on such conveyance subject to adjustment for the Resale Fee, marketing expenses and Approved Capital Improvements. In the event that the purchase price paid for the Property by the Owner includes such an adjustment a new Resale Price Multiplier will be recalculated by the Monitoring Agent by dividing the purchase price so paid by the Base Income Number at the time of such purchase, and a new Resale Price Certificate will be issued and recorded reflecting the new Resale Price Multiplier. A Resale Price Multiplier of _____ is hereby assigned to the Property.

Term means in perpetuity, unless earlier terminated by (i) the termination of the term of affordability set forth in the Regulatory Agreement or Comprehensive Permit, whichever is longer; or (ii) the recording of a Compliance Certificate and a new Deed Rider executed by the purchaser in form and substance substantially identical to this Deed Rider establishing a new term.

2. **Owner-Occupancy/Principal Residence.** The Property shall be occupied and used by the Owner's household exclusively as his, her or their principal residence. Any use of the Property or activity thereon which is inconsistent with such exclusive residential use is expressly prohibited.
3. **Restrictions Against Leasing, Refinancing and Junior Encumbrances.** The Property shall not be leased, rented, refinanced, encumbered (voluntarily or otherwise) or mortgaged without the prior written consent of the Monitoring Agent; provided that this provision shall

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

not apply to a first mortgage granted on the date hereof in connection with this conveyance from Grantor to Owner securing indebtedness not greater than 100% of the purchase price. Any rents, profits, or proceeds from any transaction described in the preceding sentence which transaction has not received the requisite written consent of the Monitoring Agent shall be paid upon demand by Owner to the Municipality for deposit to its Affordable Housing Fund. The Monitoring Agent or Municipality may institute proceedings to recover such rents, profits or proceeds, and costs of collection, including attorneys' fees. Upon recovery, after payment of costs, the balance shall be paid to the Municipality for deposit to its Affordable Housing Fund. In the event that the Monitoring Agent consents for good cause to any such lease, refinancing, encumbrance or mortgage, it shall be a condition to such consent that all rents, profits or proceeds from such transaction, which exceed the actual carrying costs of the Property as determined by the Monitoring Agent, shall be paid to the Municipality for deposit to its Affordable Housing Fund.

4. Options to Purchase.

- (a) When the Owner or any successor in title to the Owner shall desire to sell, dispose of or otherwise convey the Property, or any portion thereof, the Owner shall notify the Monitoring Agent and the Municipality in writing of the Owner's intention to so convey the Property (the "Conveyance Notice"). Upon receipt of the Conveyance Notice, the Monitoring Agent shall (i) calculate the Maximum Resale Price which the Owner may receive on the sale of the Property based upon the Base Income Number in effect as of the date of the Conveyance Notice and the Resale Price Multiplier set forth in the most recently recorded Resale Price Certificate together with permissible adjustments for the Resale Fee, marketing expenses and Approved Capital Improvements (as discounted), and (ii) promptly begin marketing efforts. The Owner shall fully cooperate with the Monitoring Agent's efforts to locate an Eligible Purchaser and, if so requested by the Monitoring Agent, shall hire a broker selected by the Monitoring Agent to assist in locating an Eligible Purchaser ready, willing and able to purchase the Property at the Maximum Resale Price after entering a purchase and sale agreement. Pursuant to such agreement, sale to the Eligible Purchaser at the Maximum Resale Price shall occur within 90 days after the Monitoring Agent receives the Conveyance Notice or such further time as reasonably requested to arrange for details of closing. If the Owner fails to cooperate in such resale efforts, including a failure to agree to reasonable terms in the purchase and sale agreement, the Monitoring Agent may extend the ninety-day period for a period commensurate with the time the lack of cooperation continues, as determined by the Monitoring Agent in its reasonable discretion. In such event, the Monitoring Agent shall give Owner written notice of the lack of cooperation and the length of the extension added to the ninety-day period.
- (b) The Monitoring Agent shall ensure that diligent marketing efforts are made to locate an Eligible Purchaser ready, willing and able to purchase the Property at the Maximum Resale Price within the time period provided in Subsection (a) above and to enter the requisite purchase and sale agreement. If more than one Eligible Purchaser is located, the Monitoring Agent shall conduct a lottery or other like procedure to determine which Eligible Purchaser shall be entitled to enter a purchase and sale agreement with Owner and to purchase the Property. Preference shall be given to Appropriate Size Households. The procedure for marketing and selecting an Eligible Purchaser shall be approved as provided in the Regulatory Agreement and any applicable Program Guidelines. If an

BEVERLY CODE

Eligible Purchaser is located within 90 days after receipt of the Conveyance Notice, but such Eligible Purchaser proves unable to secure mortgage financing so as to be able to complete the purchase of the Property pursuant to the purchase and sale agreement, following written notice to Owner within the ninety-day period the Monitoring Agent shall have an additional 60 days to locate another Eligible Purchaser who will enter a purchase and sale agreement and purchase the Property by the end of such sixty-day period or such further time as reasonably requested to carry out the purchase and sale agreement.

- (c) In lieu of sale to an Eligible Purchaser, the Monitoring Agent or the Municipality or designee shall also have the right to purchase the Property at the Maximum Resale Price, in which event the purchase and sale agreement shall be entered, and the purchase shall occur within 90 days after receipt of the Conveyance Notice or, within the additional sixty-day period specified in Subsection (b) above, or such further time as reasonably requested to carry out the purchase and sale agreement. Any lack of cooperation by Owner in measures reasonably necessary to effect the sale shall extend the ninety-day period by the length of the delay caused by such lack of cooperation. The Monitoring Agent shall promptly give Owner written notice of the lack of cooperation and the length of the extension added to the ninety-day period. In the event of such a sale to the Monitoring Agent or Municipality or designee, the Property shall remain subject to this Deed Rider and shall thereafter be sold or rented to an Eligible Purchaser as may be more particularly set forth in the Regulatory Agreement.
- (d) If an Eligible Purchaser fails to purchase the Property within the ninety-day period (or such further time determined as provided herein) after receipt of the Conveyance Notice, and the Monitoring Agent or Municipality or designee does not purchase the Property during said period, then the Owner may convey the Property to an Ineligible Purchaser no earlier than 30 days after the end of said period at the Maximum Resale Price, but subject to all rights and restrictions contained herein; provided that the Property shall be conveyed subject to a Deed Rider identical in form and substance to this Deed Rider which the Owner agrees to execute, to secure execution by the Ineligible Purchaser and to record with the Deed; and further provided that, if more than one Ineligible Purchaser is ready, willing and able to purchase the Property the Owner will give preference and enter a purchase and sale agreement with any individuals or households identified by the Monitoring Agent as an Appropriate Size Household earning more than 80% but less than 120% of the Area Median Income.
- (e) The priority for exercising the options to purchase contained in this Section 4 shall be as follows: (i) an Eligible Purchaser located and selected by the Monitoring Agent, as provided in Subsection (b) above, (ii) the Municipality or its designee, as provided in Subsection (c) above, and (iii) an Ineligible Purchaser, as provided in Subsection (d) above.
- (f) Nothing in this Deed Rider or the Regulatory Agreement constitutes a promise, commitment or guarantee by DHCD, MassHousing, the Municipality or the Monitoring Agent that upon resale the Owner shall actually receive the Maximum Resale Price for the Property or any other price for the Property.

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

- (g) The holder of a mortgage on the Property is not obligated to forbear from exercising the rights and remedies under its mortgage, at law or in equity, after delivery of the Conveyance Notice.

5. Delivery of Deed.

- (a) In connection with any conveyance pursuant to an option to purchase as set forth in Section 4 above, the Property shall be conveyed by the Owner to the selected purchaser by a good and sufficient quitclaim deed conveying a good and clear record and marketable title to the Property free from all encumbrances except (i) such taxes for the then current year as are not due and payable on the date of delivery of the deed, (ii) any lien for municipal betterments assessed after the date of the Conveyance Notice, (iii) provisions of local building and zoning laws, (iv) all easements, restrictions, covenants and agreements of record specified in the deed from the Owner to the selected purchaser, (v) such additional easements, restrictions, covenants and agreements of record as the selected purchaser consents to, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed, (vi) the Regulatory Agreement, and (vii), except as otherwise provided in the Compliance Certificate, a Deed Rider identical in form and substance to this Deed Rider which the Owner hereby agrees to execute, to secure execution by the selected purchaser, and to record with the deed. **Said deed shall clearly state that it is made subject to the Deed Rider which is made part of the deed.** Failure to comply with the preceding sentence shall not affect the validity of the conveyance from the Owner to the selected purchaser or the enforceability of the restrictions herein.
- (b) Said deed, including the approved Deed Rider, shall be delivered and the purchase price paid (the “Closing”) at the Registry, or at the option of the selected purchaser, exercised by written notice to the Owner at least five days prior to the delivery of the deed, at such other place as the selected purchaser may designate in said notice. The Closing shall occur at such time and on such date as shall be specified in a written notice from the selected purchaser to the Owner, which date shall be at least five days after the date on which such notice is given, and no later than the end of the time period specified in Section 4(a) above.
- (c) To enable Owner to make conveyance as herein provided, Owner may, if Owner so desires at the time of delivery of the deed, use the purchase money or any portion thereof to clear the title of any or all encumbrances or interests, all instruments with respect thereto to be recorded simultaneously with the delivery of said deed. Nothing contained herein as to the Owner’s obligation to remove defects in title or to make conveyance or to deliver possession of the Property in accordance with the terms hereof, as to use of proceeds to clear title or as to the election of the selected purchaser to take title, nor anything else in this Deed Rider shall be deemed to waive, impair or otherwise affect the priority of the rights herein over matters appearing of record, or occurring, at any time after the recording of this Deed Rider, all such matters so appearing or occurring being subject and subordinate in all events to the rights herein.
- (d) Water and sewer charges and taxes for the then current tax period shall be apportioned and fuel value shall be adjusted as of the date of Closing and the net amount thereof shall be added to or deducted from, as the case may be, the purchase price payable by the selected purchaser.

BEVERLY CODE

- (e) Full possession of the Property free from all occupants is to be delivered at the time of the Closing, the Property to be then in the same condition as it is in on the date of the execution of the purchase and sale agreement, reasonable wear and tear only excepted.
- (f) If Owner shall be unable to give title or to make conveyance as above required, or if any change of condition in the Property not included in the above exception shall occur, then Owner shall be given a reasonable time not to exceed 30 days after the date on which the Closing was to have occurred in which to remove any defect in title or to restore the Property to the condition herein required. The Owner shall use best efforts to remove any such defects in the title, whether voluntary or involuntary, and to restore the Property to the extent permitted by insurance proceeds or condemnation award. The Closing shall occur 15 days after notice by Owner that such defect has been cured or that the Property has been so restored. The selected purchaser shall have the election, at either the original or any extended time for performance, to accept such title as the Owner can deliver to the Property in its then condition and to pay therefor the purchase price without deduction, in which case the Owner shall convey such title, except that in the event of such conveyance in accordance with the provisions of this clause, if the Property shall have been damaged by fire or casualty insured against or if a portion of the Property shall have been taken by a public authority, then the Owner shall, unless the Owner has previously restored the Property to its former condition, either:
 - (A) Pay over or assign to the selected purchaser, on delivery of the deed, all amounts recovered or recoverable on account of such insurance or condemnation award less any amounts reasonably expended by the Owner for any partial restoration, or
 - (B) If a holder of a mortgage on the Property shall not permit the insurance proceeds or the condemnation award or part thereof to be used to restore the Property to its former condition or to be so paid over or assigned, give to the selected purchaser a credit against the purchase price, on delivery of the deed, equal to said amounts so retained by the holder of the said mortgage less any amounts reasonably expended by the Owner for any partial restoration.

6. Resale and Transfer Restrictions.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided herein, the Property or any interest therein shall not at any time be sold by the Owner, or the Owner's successors and assigns, and no attempted sale shall be valid, unless the aggregate value of all consideration and payments of every kind given or paid by the selected purchaser of the Property for and in connection with the transfer of such Property, is equal to or less than the Maximum Resale Price for the Property, and unless a certificate (the "Compliance Certificate") is obtained and recorded, signed and acknowledged by the Monitoring Agent which Compliance Certificate refers to the Property, the Owner, the selected purchaser thereof, and the Maximum Resale Price therefor, and states that the proposed conveyance, sale or transfer of the Property to the selected purchaser is in compliance with the rights, restrictions, covenants and agreements contained in this Deed Rider, and unless there is also recorded a new Deed Rider executed by the selected purchaser, which new Deed Rider is identical in form and substance to this Deed Rider.

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

- (b) The Owner, any good faith purchaser of the Property, any lender or other party taking a security interest in such Property and any other third party may rely upon a Compliance Certificate as conclusive evidence that the proposed conveyance, sale or transfer of the Property to the selected purchaser is in compliance with the rights, restrictions, covenants and agreements contained in this Deed Rider, and may record such Compliance Certificate in connection with the conveyance of the Property.
- (c) Within 10 days of the closing of the conveyance of the Property from the Owner to the selected purchaser, the Owner shall deliver to the Monitoring Agent a copy of the Deed of the Property, including the deed rider, together with recording information. Failure of the Owner, or Owner's successors or assigns to comply with the preceding sentence shall not affect the validity of such conveyance or the enforceability of the restrictions herein.

7. Survival of Restrictions Upon Exercise of Remedies by Mortgagees.

- (a) The holder of record of any mortgage on the Property (each, a "Mortgagee") shall notify the Monitoring Agent, the Municipality and any senior Mortgagee(s) in the event of any default for which the Mortgagee intends to commence foreclosure proceedings or similar remedial action pursuant to its mortgage (the "Foreclosure Notice"), which notice shall be sent to the Monitoring Agent and the Municipality as set forth in this Deed Rider, and to the senior Mortgagee(s) as set forth in such senior Mortgagee's mortgage, not less than 120 days prior to the foreclosure sale or the acceptance of a deed in lieu of foreclosure. The Owner expressly agrees to the delivery of the Foreclosure Notice and any other communications and disclosures made by the Mortgagee pursuant to this Deed Rider.
- (b) The Owner grants to the Municipality or its designee the right and option to purchase the Property upon receipt by the Municipality of the Foreclosure Notice. In the event that the Municipality intends to exercise its option, the Municipality or its designee shall purchase the Property within 120 days of receipt of such notice, at a price equal to the greater of (i) the sum of the outstanding principal balance of the note secured by such foreclosing Mortgagee's mortgage, together with the outstanding principal balance(s) of any note(s) secured by mortgage(s) senior in priority to such mortgage (but in no event shall the aggregate amount thereof be greater than 100% of the Maximum Resale Price calculated at the time of the granting of the mortgage) plus all future advances, accrued interest and all reasonable costs and expenses which the foreclosing Mortgagee and any senior Mortgagee(s) are entitled to recover pursuant to the terms of such mortgages (the "Mortgage Satisfaction Amount"), and (ii) the Maximum Resale Price (which for this purpose may be less than the purchase price paid for the Property by the Owner) (the greater of (i) and (ii) above herein referred to as the "Applicable Foreclosure Price"). The Property shall be sold and conveyed in its then-current "as is, where is" condition, without representation or warranty of any kind, direct or indirect, express or implied, and with the benefit of and subject to all rights, rights of way, restrictions, easements, covenants, liens, improvements, housing code violations, public assessments, any and all unpaid federal or state taxes (subject to any rights of redemption for unpaid federal taxes), municipal liens and any other encumbrances of record then in force and applicable to the Property having priority over such foreclosing Mortgagee's mortgage, and further subject to a Deed Rider

BEVERLY CODE

identical in form and substance to this Deed Rider which the Owner hereby agrees to execute, to secure execution by the Municipality or its designee, and to record with the deed, except that (i) during the term of ownership of the Property by the Municipality or its designee the owner-occupancy requirements of Section 2 hereof shall not apply (unless the designee is an Eligible Purchaser), and (ii) the Maximum Resale Price shall be recalculated based on the price paid for the Property by the Municipality or its designee, but not greater than the Applicable Foreclosure Price. **Said deed shall clearly state that it is made subject to the Deed Rider which is made part of the deed.** Failure to comply with the preceding sentence shall not affect the validity of the conveyance from the Owner to the Municipality or its designee or the enforceability of the restrictions herein.

- (c) Not earlier than 120 days following the delivery of the Foreclosure Notice to the Monitoring Agent, the Municipality and any senior Mortgagee(s) pursuant to Subsection (a) above, the foreclosing Mortgagee may conduct the foreclosure sale or accept a deed in lieu of foreclosure. The Property shall be sold and conveyed in its then-current "as is, where is" condition, without representation or warranty of any kind, direct or indirect, express or implied, and with the benefit of and subject to all rights, rights of way, restrictions, easements, covenants, liens, improvements, housing code violations, public assessments, any and all unpaid federal or state taxes (subject to any rights of redemption for unpaid federal taxes), municipal liens and any other encumbrances of record then in force and applicable to the Property having priority over the foreclosing Mortgagee's mortgage, and further subject to a Deed Rider, as set forth below.
- (d) In the event that the foreclosing Mortgagee conducts a foreclosure sale or other proceeding enforcing its rights under its mortgage and the Property is sold for a price in excess of the greater of the Maximum Resale Price and the Mortgage Satisfaction Amount, such excess shall be paid to the Municipality for its Affordable Housing Fund after (i) a final judicial determination, or (ii) a written agreement of all parties who, as of such date hold (or have been duly authorized to act for other parties who hold) a record interest in the Property, that the Municipality is entitled to such excess. The legal costs of obtaining any such judicial determination or agreement shall be deducted from the excess prior to payment to the Municipality. To the extent that the Owner possesses any interest in any amount which would otherwise be payable to the Municipality under this paragraph, to the fullest extent permissible by law, the Owner hereby assigns its interest in such amount to the Mortgagee for payment to the Municipality.
- (e) If any Mortgagee shall acquire the Property by reason of foreclosure or upon conveyance of the Property in lieu of foreclosure, then the rights and restrictions contained herein shall apply to such Mortgagee upon such acquisition of the Property and to any purchaser of the Property from such Mortgagee, and the Property shall be conveyed subject to a Deed Rider identical in form and substance to this Deed Rider, which the Mortgagee that has so acquired the Property agrees to annex to the deed and to record with the deed, except that (i) during the term of ownership of the Property by such Mortgagee the owner-occupancy requirements of Section 2 hereof shall not apply, and (ii) the Maximum Resale Price shall be recalculated based on the price paid for the Property by such Mortgagee at the foreclosure sale, but not greater than the Applicable Foreclosure Price. **Said deed shall clearly state that it is made subject to the Deed**

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

Rider which is made part of the deed. Failure to comply with the preceding sentence shall not affect the validity of the conveyance to the Mortgagee or the enforceability of the restrictions herein.

- (f) If any party other than a Mortgagee shall acquire the Property by reason of foreclosure or upon conveyance of the Property in lieu of foreclosure, the Property shall be conveyed subject to a Deed Rider identical in form and substance to this Deed Rider, which the foreclosing Mortgagee agrees to annex to the deed and to record with the deed, except that (i) if the purchaser at such foreclosure sale or assignee of a deed in lieu of foreclosure is an Ineligible Purchaser, then during the term of ownership of the Property by such Ineligible Purchaser, the owner-occupancy requirements of Section 2 hereof shall not apply, and (ii) the Maximum Resale Price shall be recalculated based on the price paid for the Property by such third party purchaser at the foreclosure sale, but not greater than the Applicable Foreclosure Price. **Said deed shall clearly state that it is made subject to the Deed Rider which is made part of the deed.** Failure to comply with the preceding sentence shall not affect the validity of the conveyance to such third party purchaser or the enforceability of the restrictions herein.
- (g) Upon satisfaction of the requirements contained in this Section 7, the Monitoring Agent shall issue a Compliance Certificate to the foreclosing Mortgagee which, upon recording in the Registry, may be relied upon as provided in Section 6(b) hereof as conclusive evidence that the conveyance of the Property pursuant to this Section 7 is in compliance with the rights, restrictions, covenants and agreements contained in this Deed Rider.
- (h) The Owner understands and agrees that nothing in this Deed Rider or the Regulatory Agreement (i) in any way constitutes a promise or guarantee by MassHousing, DHCD, the Municipality or the Monitoring Agent that the Mortgagee shall actually receive the Mortgage Satisfaction Amount, the Maximum Resale Price for the Property or any other price for the Property, or (ii) impairs the rights and remedies of the Mortgagee in the event of a deficiency.
- (i) If a Foreclosure Notice is delivered after the delivery of a Conveyance Notice as provided in Section 4(a) hereof, the procedures set forth in this Section 7 shall supersede the provisions of Section 4 hereof.

8. Covenants to Run With the Property.

- (a) This Deed Rider, including all restrictions, rights and covenants contained herein, is an affordable housing restriction as that term is defined in Section 31 of Chapter 184 of the Massachusetts General Laws, having the benefit of Section 32 of such Chapter 184, and is enforceable as such. This Deed Rider has been approved by the Director of DHCD.
- (b) In confirmation thereof the Grantor and the Owner intend, declare and covenant (i) that this Deed Rider, including all restrictions, rights and covenants contained herein, shall be and are covenants running with the land, encumbering the Property for the Term, and are binding upon the Owner and the Owner's successors in title and assigns, (ii) are not merely personal covenants of the Owner, and (iii) shall enure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the Municipality, the Monitoring Agent and DHCD and their

BEVERLY CODE

successors and assigns, for the Term. Owner hereby agrees that any and all requirements of the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts have been satisfied in order for the provisions of this Deed Rider to constitute restrictions and covenants running with the land and that any requirements of privity of estate have been satisfied in full.

9. **Notice.** Any notices, demands or requests that may be given under this Deed Rider shall be sufficiently served if given in writing and delivered by hand or mailed by certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, to the following entities and parties in interest at the addresses set forth below, or such other addresses as may be specified by any party (or its successor) by such notice.

Municipality:

Grantor:

Owner:

Monitoring Agent[s]:

- (1) Director, Local Initiative Program
DHCD
100 Cambridge Street
Suite 300
Boston, MA 02114
- (2)

Others:

Any such notice, demand or request shall be deemed to have been given on the day it is hand delivered or mailed.

10. **Further Assurances.** The Owner agrees from time to time, as may be reasonably required by the Monitoring Agent, to furnish the Monitoring Agent upon its request with a written statement, signed and, if requested, acknowledged, setting forth the condition and occupancy of the Property, information concerning the resale of the Property and other material information pertaining to the Property and the Owner's conformance with the

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

requirements of the Comprehensive Permit, Program and Program Guidelines, as applicable.

11. Enforcement.

- (a) The rights hereby granted shall include the right of the Municipality and the Monitoring Agent to enforce this Deed Rider independently by appropriate legal proceedings and to obtain injunctive and other appropriate relief on account of any violations including without limitation relief requiring restoration of the Property to the condition, affordability or occupancy which existed prior to the violation impacting such condition, affordability or occupancy (it being agreed that there shall be no adequate remedy at law for such violation), and shall be in addition to, and not in limitation of, any other rights and remedies available to the Municipality and the Monitoring Agent.
- (b) Without limitation of any other rights or remedies of the Municipality and the Monitoring Agent, or their successors and assigns, in the event of any sale, conveyance or other transfer or occupancy of the Property in violation of the provisions of this Deed Rider, the Municipality and Monitoring Agent shall be entitled to the following remedies, which shall be cumulative and not mutually exclusive:
 - (i) Specific performance of the provisions of this Deed Rider;
 - (ii) Money damages for charges in excess of the Maximum Resale Price, if applicable;
 - (iii) If the violation is a sale of the Property to an Ineligible Purchaser except as permitted herein, the Monitoring Agent and the Municipality shall have the option to locate an Eligible Purchaser to purchase or itself purchase the Property from the Ineligible Purchaser on the terms and conditions provided herein; the purchase price shall be a price which complies with the provisions of this Deed Rider; specific performance of the requirement that an Ineligible Purchaser shall sell, as herein provided, may be judicially ordered.
 - (iv) The right to void any contract for sale or any sale, conveyance or other transfer of the Property in violation of the provisions of this Deed Rider in the absence of a Compliance Certificate, by an action in equity to enforce this Deed Rider; and
 - (v) Money damages for the cost of creating or obtaining a comparable dwelling unit for an Eligible Purchaser.
- (c) In addition to the foregoing, the Owner hereby agrees and shall be obligated to pay all fees and expenses (including legal fees) of the Monitoring Agent and/or the Municipality in the event successful enforcement action is taken against the Owner or Owner's successors or assigns. The Owner hereby grants to the Monitoring Agent and the Municipality a lien on the Property, junior to the lien of any institutional holder of a first mortgage on the Property, to secure payment of such fees and expenses in any successful enforcement action. The Monitoring Agent and the Municipality shall be entitled to seek recovery of fees and expenses incurred in a successful enforcement action of this Deed Rider against the Owner and to assert such a lien on the Property to secure payment by the Owner of such fees and expenses. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, in the event that the Monitoring Agent and/or Municipality fails

BEVERLY CODE

to enforce this Deed Rider as provided in this Section, DHCD, if it is not named as Monitoring Agent, shall have the same rights and standing to enforce this Deed Rider as the Municipality and Monitoring Agent.

(d) The Owner for himself, herself or themselves and his, her or their successors and assigns, hereby grants to the Monitoring Agent and the Municipality the right to take all actions with respect to the Property which the Monitoring Agent or Municipality may determine to be necessary or appropriate pursuant to applicable law, court order, or the consent of the Owner to prevent, remedy or abate any violation of this Deed Rider.

12. Monitoring Agent Services; Fees. The Monitoring Agent shall monitor compliance of the Project and enforce the requirements of this Deed Rider. As partial compensation for providing these services, a Resale Fee [] shall [] shall not be payable to the Monitoring Agent on the sale of the Property to an Eligible Purchaser or any other purchaser in accordance with the terms of this Deed Rider. This fee, if imposed, shall be paid by the Owner herein as a closing cost at the time of Closing, and payment of the fee to the Monitoring Agent shall be a condition to delivery and recording of its certificate, failing which the Monitoring Agent shall have a claim against the new purchaser, his, her or their successors or assigns, for which the Monitoring Agent may bring an action and may seek an attachment against the Property.

13. Actions by Municipality. Any action required or allowed to be taken by the Municipality hereunder shall be taken by the Municipality's Chief Executive Officer or designee.

14. Severability. If any provisions hereof or the application thereof to any person or circumstance are judicially determined, to any extent, to be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder hereof, or the application of such provision to the persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid or unenforceable, shall not be affected thereby.

15. Independent Counsel. THE OWNER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT HE, SHE, OR THEY HAVE READ THIS DOCUMENT IN ITS ENTIRETY AND HAS HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO CONSULT LEGAL AND FINANCIAL ADVISORS OF HIS, HER OR THEIR CHOOSING REGARDING THE EXECUTION, DELIVERY AND PERFORMANCE OF THE OBLIGATIONS HEREUNDER.

16. Binding Agreement. This Deed Rider shall bind and inure to the benefit of the persons, entities and parties named herein and their successors or assigns as are permitted by this Deed Rider.

17. Amendment. This Deed Rider may not be rescinded, modified or amended, in whole or in part, without the written consent of the Monitoring Agent, the Municipality and the holder of any mortgage or other security instrument encumbering all or any portion of the Property, which written consent shall be recorded with the Registry.

Executed as a sealed instrument this _____ day of _____, 20 ____.

Grantor:

Owner:

By _____

By _____

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

_____ County, ss.

On this _____ day of _____, 20____, before me, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared _____, the _____ of _____ in its capacity as the _____ of _____, proved to me through satisfactory evidence of identification, which was [a current driver's license] [a current U.S. passport] [my personal knowledge], to be the person whose name is signed on the preceding instrument and acknowledged the foregoing instrument to be his or her free act and deed and the free act and deed of _____ as _____ of _____.

Notary Public
My commission expires:

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

_____ County, ss.

On this _____ day of _____, 20____, before me, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared _____, the _____ of _____ in its capacity as the _____ of _____, proved to me through satisfactory evidence of identification, which was [a current driver's license] [a current U.S. passport] [my personal knowledge], to be the person whose name is signed on the preceding instrument and acknowledged the foregoing instrument to be his or her free act and deed and the free act and deed of _____ as _____ of _____.

Notary Public
My commission expires:

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

315 Attachment 4

City of Beverly

Appendix D Affirmative Fair Housing Marketing Plan Information

February 22, 2008
(Updated as of 6-25-2008)

To be used for informational purposes only.

III. Affirmative Fair Housing Marketing Plan¹ (Including Resident Selection)

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts has a compelling interest in creating fair and open access to affordable housing and promoting compliance with state and federal civil rights obligations. Therefore, all housing with state subsidy or housing for inclusion on the Subsidized Housing Inventory (SHI) shall have an Affirmative Fair Housing Marketing Plan (AFHMP). The affordable Use Restriction documents of said housing must require that the AFHMP, subject to the approval of the subsidizing or funding agency, shall be implemented for the term of the Use Restriction. Affirmative Fair Housing requirements apply to the full spectrum of activities that culminate with occupancy, including but not limited to means and methods of outreach and marketing through to the qualification and selection of residents. All AFHMP plans must, at a minimum, meet the standards set forth by the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD). In the case of MGL c. 40B projects, the AFHMP must be approved by the Subsidizing Agency.

The developer (Developer) is responsible for resident selection, including but not limited to drafting the resident selection plan, marketing, administering the initial lottery process, and determining the qualification of potential buyers and/or tenants. The Developer is responsible for paying for all of the costs of affirmative fair marketing and administering the lottery and may use in-house staff, provided that such staff meets the qualifications described below. The Developer may contract for such services, provided that any such contractor must be experienced and qualified under the following standards.

Note: As used in these AFHMP Guidelines, "Developer" refers to the Project Developer and/or the entity with which the Developer has contracted to carry out any or all of the tasks associated with an AFHMP.

(April 8, 2008 change: inserted a new third sentence in the first paragraph).

A. Developer Staff and Contractor Qualifications

The entity as well as the individual with primary responsibility for resident selection, whether in-house staff or a third-party contractor, must have substantial, successful prior

¹ Source - Massachusetts Department of Housing and Community Development's *Comprehensive Permit Guidelines*

BEVERLY CODE

experience in each component of the AFHMP for which the party will be responsible; e.g., drafting the plan, marketing and outreach activities, administering the lottery process and/or determining eligibility under applicable subsidy programs and/or qualifying buyers with mortgage lenders.

Subsidizing Agencies reserve the right to reject the qualifications of any Developer or contractor. However, generally, Developers or contractors that meet the following criteria for each component, as applicable, will be considered to be qualified to carry out the component(s) for which they are responsible:

- The entity has successfully carried out similar AFHMP responsibilities for a minimum of three projects in Massachusetts or the individual with primary responsibility for the resident selection process has successfully carried out similar AFHMP responsibilities for a minimum of five projects in Massachusetts.
- The entity has the capacity to address matters relating to English language proficiency.
- “Successfully” for the purposes of these Guidelines means that, with respect to both the entity and the relevant staff: (a) the prior experience has not required intervention by a Subsidizing Agency to address fair housing complaints or concerns; and (b) that within the past five years, there has not been a finding or final determination against the entity or staff for violation of any state or federal fair housing law.

B. Affirmative Fair Housing Marketing Plan

The Developer shall prepare the following materials which shall comprise an AFHMP:

- Informational materials for applicants including a general description of the overall project that provides key information such as the number of market/affordable units, amenities, number of parking/garage spaces per unit, distribution of bedrooms by market and affordable units, accessibility, etc.
- A description of the eligibility requirements.
- Lottery and resident selection procedures.
- A clear description of the preference system being used (if applicable).
- A description of the measures that will be used to ensure affirmative fair marketing will be achieved including a description of the affirmative fair marketing and outreach methods that will be used, sample advertisements to be used, and a list of publications where ads will be placed.
- Application materials including:
 - The application form.

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

- A statement regarding the housing provider's obligation not to discriminate in the selection of applicants, and such a statement must also be included in the application materials.
- Information indicating that disabled persons are entitled to request a reasonable accommodation of rules, policies, practices, or services, or to request a reasonable modification of the housing, when such accommodations or modifications are necessary to afford the disabled person equal opportunity to use and enjoy the housing.²
- An authorization for consent to release information.
- For homeownership transactions, a description of the use restriction and/or deed rider.

The Subsidizing Agency must approve the AFHMP before the marketing process commences. In the case of a Local Action Unit (LAU), DHCD and the municipality must approve the AFHMP. The AFHMP shall be applied to affordable units³ upon availability for the term of affordability and must consist of actions that provide information, maximum opportunity, and otherwise attract eligible persons protected under state and federal civil rights laws that are less likely to apply.

Outreach and Marketing

Marketing should attract residents outside the community by extending to the regional statistical area as well as the state.

- Advertisements should be placed in local and regional newspapers, and newspapers that serve minority groups and other groups protected under fair housing laws. Notices should also be sent to local fair housing commissions, area churches, local and regional housing agencies, local housing authorities, civic groups, lending institutions, social service agencies, and other nonprofit organizations.
- Affordable units in the Boston Metro Area (Boston-Cambridge-Quincy MSA) must be reported to the Boston Fair Housing Commission's Metrolist (Metropolitan Housing Opportunity Clearing House). Such units shall be reported whenever they become available (including upon turnover).

² It is important to remember that legal obligations with respect to accessibility and modifications in housing extend beyond the Massachusetts Architectural Access Board requirements, including federal requirements imposed by the Fair Housing Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, and the Rehabilitation Act. Under state law, in the case of publicly assisted housing, multiple dwelling housing consisting of 10 or more units, or contiguously located housing consisting of 10 or more units (see MGL c. 151B, § 1, for definitions), reasonable modification of existing premises shall be at the expense of the owner or other person having the right of ownership if necessary for the disabled person to fully enjoy the premises. MGL c. 151B, § 4(7A). See also 24 CFR Part 8 for Rehabilitation Act requirements of housing providers that receive federal financial assistance.

³ The advertising component of the AFHMP applies to all units.

BEVERLY CODE

- Affordable and/or accessible⁴ rental units must be listed with the Massachusetts Accessible Housing Registry whenever they become available (including upon turnover). See <http://www.chapa.org>.
- Available affordable ownership units must also be listed with CHAPA's lottery website (see <http://www.chapa.org>) and with the Massachusetts Affordable Housing Alliance (MAHA) website (see <http://www.mahahome.org>).
- Marketing should also be included in non-English publications based on the prevalence of particular language groups in the regional area. To determine the prevalence of a particular language by geographical area, see for example [http://www.doleta.gov/reports/CensusData/LWIA by State.cfm?state=MA](http://www.doleta.gov/reports/CensusData/LWIA%20by%20State.cfm?state=MA).

(April 8, 2008 changes: (1) Inserted new first bullet paragraph; (2) modified fourth paragraph to include listing with MAHA website; and (3) modified fifth bullet paragraph which, previously, stated: “. . .Marketing should also be targeted towards persons with limited English proficiency (LEP), not limited to solely to Spanish speaking persons.”)

All marketing should be comparable in terms of the description of the opportunity available, regardless of the marketing type (e.g., local newspaper vs. minority newspaper). The size of the advertisements, including the content of the advertisement, should be comparable across regional, local, and minority newspapers.

Advertisements should run a minimum of two times over a sixty-day period and be designed to attract attention. Marketing of ownership units should begin approximately six months before the expected date of project occupancy.

Pursuant to fair housing laws,⁵ advertising must not indicate any preference or limitation, or otherwise discriminate based on race, color, disability, religion, sex, familial status, sexual orientation, national origin, genetic information, ancestry, children, marital status, or public assistance reciprocity. Exceptions may apply if the preference or limitation is pursuant to a lawful eligibility requirement. All advertising depicting persons should depict members of classes of persons protected under fair housing laws, including majority and minority groups.

The Fair Housing logo ( and slogan (“Equal Housing Opportunity”) should be included in all marketing materials. The logo may be obtained at HUD's website at: <http://www.hud.gov/library/bookshelf11/hudgraphics/fheologo.cfm>.

⁴ Note: The owner or other person having the right of ownership shall, in accordance with MGL c. 151B, § 4(7A), give at least 15 days' notice of the vacancy of a wheelchair-accessible unit to the Massachusetts Rehabilitation Commission. Said statute also requires the owner or other person having the right of ownership to give timely notice that a wheelchair-accessible unit is vacant or will become vacant to a person who has, within the past 12 months, notified the owner or person or person having the right of ownership that such person is in need of a wheelchair accessible unit.

⁵ 42 U.S.C. § 3604(C); MGL c. 151B, § 4(7B).

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

Availability of Applications

Advertising and outreach efforts shall identify locations where the application can be obtained. Applications shall be available at public locations including one that has some night hours; usually, a public library will meet this need. The advertisement shall include a telephone number an applicant can call to request an application via mail.

Informational Meeting

In addition, the lottery administrator must offer one or more informational meetings for potential applicants to educate them about the lottery process and the housing development. These meetings may include local officials, developers, and local bankers. The date, time, and location of these meetings shall be published in ads and flyers that publicize the availability of lottery applications. The workshops shall be held in a municipal building, school, library, public meeting room or other accessible space. Meetings shall be held in the evening or on weekend days in order to reach as many potential applicants as possible. However, attendance at a meeting shall not be mandatory for participation in a lottery.

The purpose of the meeting is to answer questions that are commonly asked by lottery applicants. Usually a municipal official will welcome the participants and describe the municipality's role in the affordable housing development. The lottery administrator will then explain the information requested on the application and answer questions about the lottery drawing process. The Developer should be present to describe the development and to answer specific questions about the affordable units. It is helpful to have representatives of local banks present to answer questions about qualifications for the financing of affordable units. At the meeting, the lottery administrator should provide complete application materials to potential applicants.

Homeownership - Establishing Sales Prices

Sale prices shall be established at the time of the initial marketing of the affordable units. Thereafter, the prices of homes cannot be increased for lottery winners, even if interest rates and HUD income guidelines change.

For large, phased developments, maximum sale prices of units sold in subsequent phases will be calculated prior to the start of marketing for each phase, or approximately six months prior to expected occupancy of the units. In such cases, each phase will require its own affirmative fair marketing efforts and lottery.

C. Local Preference

If a community wishes to implement a local selection preference, it must:

- Demonstrate in the AFHMP the need for the local preference (e.g., the community may have a disproportionately low rental or ownership affordable housing stock relative to need in comparison to the regional area); and

BEVERLY CODE

- Demonstrate that the proposed local preference will not have a disparate impact on protected classes.

In no event may a local preference exceed more than 70% of the (affordable) units in a Project.

The Subsidizing Agency, and in the case of LAUs, DHCD as well as the municipality, must approve a local preference scheme as part of the AFHMP. Therefore, the nature and extent of local preferences should be approved by the Subsidizing Agency (or DHCD in the case of LAUs) prior to including such language in the comprehensive permit or other zoning mechanism.

Allowable Preference Categories

1. Current Residents: A household in which one or more members is living in the city or town at the time of application. Documentation of residency should be provided, such as rent receipts, utility bills, street listing or voter registration listing.
2. Municipal Employees: Employees of the municipality, such as teachers, janitors, firefighters, police officers, librarians, or town hall employees.
3. Employees of Local Businesses: Employees of businesses located in the municipality.
4. Households with children attending the locality's schools, such as METCO students.

(June 25, 2008 change: removed formerly listed allowable preference category, "Family of Current Residents.")

When determining the preference categories, the geographic boundaries of the local resident preference area should not be smaller than municipal boundaries.

Durational requirements related to local preferences, that is, how long an applicant has lived in or worked in the residency preference area, are not permitted in any case.

Preferences extended to local residents should also be made available not only to applicants who work in the preference area, but also to applicants who have been hired to work in the preference area, applicants who demonstrate that they expect to live in the preference area because of a bona fide offer of employment, and applicant households with children attending the locality's schools, such as METCO students.

A preference for households that work in the community must not discriminate (including have a disproportionate effect of exclusion) against disabled and elderly households in violation of fair housing laws.

Advertising should not have a discouraging effect on eligible applicants. As such, local residency preferences must not be advertised as they may discourage non-local potential applicants.

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

(April 9, 2008 changes: (1) Inserted new fifth enumerated paragraph; (2) addition of “and applicant households with children attending the locality’s schools in eighth paragraph.”)

Avoiding Potential Discriminatory Effects

The local selection preferences must not disproportionately delay or otherwise deny admission of non-local residents that are protected under state and federal civil rights laws. The AFHMP should demonstrate what efforts will be taken to prevent a disparate impact or discriminatory effect. For example, the community may move minority applicants into the local selection pool to ensure it reflects the racial/ethnic balance of the HUD defined Metropolitan Statistical Area as described below.⁶ However, such a protective measure may not be sufficient as it is race/ethnicity specific; the AFHMP must address other classes of persons protected under fair housing laws who may be negatively affected by the local preference.

To avoid discriminatory effects in violation of applicable fair housing laws, the following procedure should be followed unless an alternative method for avoiding disparate impact (such as lowering the original percentage for local preference as needed to reflect demographic statistics of the MSA) is approved by the Subsidizing Agency. If the project receives HUD financing, HUD standards must be followed.

A lottery for projects including a local preference should have two applicant pools: a local preference pool and an open pool. After the application deadline has passed, the Developer should determine the number of local resident minority households there are in the municipality and the percentage of minorities in the local preference pool. If the percentage of minority local resident households in the local preference pool is less than the percentage of minorities in the surrounding HUD-defined area, the Developer should make the following adjustments to the local preference pool:

- The Developer should hold a preliminary lottery comprised of all minority applicants who did not qualify for the local preference pool, and rank the applicants in order of drawing.
- Minority applicants should then be added to the local preference pool in order of their rankings until the percentage of minority applicants in the local preference pool is equal to the percentage of minorities in the surrounding HUD-defined area.
- Applicants should be entered into all pools for which they qualify. For example, a local resident should be included in both pools.
- Minorities should be identified in accordance with the classifications established by HUD and the U.S. Census Bureau, which are the racial classifications: Black or

⁶ Note: This protective measure may not be dispositive with respect to discriminatory effects. For example, the non-local applicant pool may contain a disproportionately large percentage of minorities, and therefore adjusting the local preference pool to reflect demographics of the regional area may not sufficiently address the discriminatory effect that the local preference has on minority applicants. Therefore, characteristics of the non-local applicant pool should continually be evaluated.

BEVERLY CODE

African American; Asian; Native American or Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander; or other (not White); and the ethnic classification Hispanic or Latino.

D. Household Size/Larger Households Preference

General

Household size should be appropriate for the number of bedrooms in the home. It is appropriate to set a minimum. A maximum household size for the units may be established, provided that:

- Maximum allowable household size may not be more restrictive than the State Sanitary Code or applicable local bylaws, and may not violate state and federal civil rights laws.
- Maximum allowable household size may not be more restrictive than the Large Household Preference established below.

(April 8, 2008 change: deleted first sentence of paragraph which previously stated" . . . for example, it may be appropriate for two-bedroom homes to set a minimum household size of two persons.")

Larger Household Preference

Within an applicant pool first preference shall be given to households requiring the total number of bedrooms in the unit based on the following criteria:

- a. There is at least one occupant per bedroom.⁷
- b. A husband and wife, or those in a similar living arrangement, shall be required to share a bedroom. Other household members may share but shall not be required to share a bedroom.
- c. A person described in the first sentence of (b) shall not be required to share a bedroom if a consequence of sharing would be a severe adverse impact on his or her mental or physical health and the lottery agent receives reliable medical documentation as to such impact of sharing.

Within an applicant pool second preference shall be given to households requiring the number of bedrooms in the unit minus one, based on the above criteria. Third preference shall be given to households requiring the number of bedrooms in the unit minus two, based on the above criteria.

A "household" shall mean two or more persons who will live regularly in the unit as their principal residence and who are related by blood, marriage, law or who have otherwise evidenced a stable interdependent relationship, or an individual.

⁷ Disabled households must not be excluded from a preference for a larger unit based on household size if such larger unit is needed as a reasonable accommodation.

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

Lottery drawings shall result in each applicant being given a ranking among other applicants with households receiving preference for units based on the above criteria. Household size shall not exceed State Sanitary Code requirements for occupancy of a unit (See 105 CMR 400).⁸

E. Lotteries

The Lottery Application

Resident selection must generally be based on a lottery, although in some cases it may be based on another fair and equitable procedure approved by the Subsidizing Agency.⁹ A lottery procedure is preferred over a “first-come, first-served procedure,” as the latter procedure may disadvantage non-local applicants.

The application period should be at least 60 days. To ensure the fairness of the application process, applicants should not be required to deliver application materials and instead should be permitted to mail them.

The lottery application must address a household’s:

- income
- assets
- size and composition
- minority status (optional disclosure by the household)
- eligibility as a first-time buyer (for ownership units)
- eligibility for local preference

The lottery administrator shall request verification (e.g., three prior years’ tax returns with the W2 form; five most recent pay stubs for all members of the household who are working, three most recent bank statements and other materials necessary to verify income or assets).

Applicants cannot be required to use a specific lender for their pre-approval letter or their mortgage.

Only applicants who meet qualification requirements should be included in the lottery.

Lottery Procedure

Once all required information has been received, qualified applicants should be assigned a registration number. **Only applicants who meet the eligibility requirements shall be entered into a lottery. The lottery shall be conducted after any appeals related to the**

⁸ Note, however, that fair housing exceptions may apply: see HUD Fair Housing Enforcement — Occupancy Standard; Notice of Statement of Policy, Docket No. FR-4405-01 (1998).

⁹ In the case of project based Section 8 properties where resident selection is to be performed by the housing authority pursuant to a Section 8 waiting list, a lottery procedure is not required.

BEVERLY CODE

project have been completed and all permits or approvals related to the project have received final action.

Ballots with the registration number for applicant households are placed in all lottery pools for which they qualify. The ballots are randomly drawn and listed in the order drawn, by pool. If a project has units with different numbers of bedrooms, units are then awarded (largest units first) by proceeding down the list to the first household on the list that is of appropriate size for the largest unit available according to the appropriate-unit-size criteria established for the lottery. Once all larger units have been assigned to appropriately sized households in this manner, the lottery administrator returns to the top of the list and selects appropriately sized households for smaller units. This process continues until all available units have been assigned to appropriately sized applicant households.

If the project includes units accessible or adaptable for occupancy by disabled persons, first preference (regardless of applicant pool) for those units shall be given to such disabled persons, including single-person households, in conformity with state and federal civil rights laws.

The lottery administrator should retain a list of households who are not awarded a unit, in the order that they were drawn. If any of the initial renters/buyers do not rent/purchase a unit, the unit shall be offered to the highest ranked household on that retained list. This list may generally be retained and used to fill units for up to one year. However, other factors such as the number of households remaining on the list, the likelihood of the continuing eligibility of such households, and the demographic diversity of such households may inform the retention time of the list, subject to the approval of the Subsidizing Agency.

After the initial lottery, waiting lists should be analyzed, maintained, and updated (through additional marketing) so that they remain consistent with the objectives of the housing program and are adequately representative of the racial, ethnic, and other characteristics of potential applicants in the housing market region.

(April 8, 2008 change to the third paragraph: addition of "(regardless of applicant pool).")

Lottery Example

This theoretical lottery has an OPEN pool that includes all applicants and a LOCAL PREFERENCE pool with only applicants from the local area.

- Total applicants in lottery: 100
- Total minority applicants: 20
- The community in which the lottery takes place falls within the HUD Boston Metropolitan Statistical Area which has a minority population of 20.7%.

1. Determine the number of applicants who claim a LOCAL preference according to approved criteria.

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

2. Determine the number of minority applicants in the LOCAL preference pool.
3. Determine the percentage of minority applicants in the LOCAL preference pool.

Total Applicants in Local Preference Pool	Total Minority Applicants in Local Preference Pool	% Minority Applicants in Local Preference Pool
60	10	16.7%

Since the percentage of minority applicants in the LOCAL preference pool is below the percentage of minority residents in the HUD defined statistical area (16.7% as opposed to 20.7%), a preliminary lottery is required.

4. The 10 minority applicants who do not have LOCAL preference are entered into a preliminary drawing and assigned a rank based on the order of their draw. Minority applicants are added to the LOCAL preference pool in order of their rank until the LOCAL preference pool has at least as great a percentage of minority applicants as the larger statistical area. In this example, four applicants will be added to the LOCAL preference pool to bring the percentage of minority applicants up to 21.8%.

Applicants in Supplemented Local Preference Pool	Total Minority Applicants in Supplemented Local Preference Pool	% Minority Applicants in Supplemented Local Preference Pool
64	14	21.8%

5. Draw all ballots from the adjusted LOCAL pool and assign rankings to each household. Preference for appropriately sized households will still apply and all efforts should be made to match the size of the affordable units to the legitimate need for bedrooms of each household.
6. Once all units for LOCAL residents have been allocated, the OPEN pool should proceed in a similar manner. All LOCAL residents should have ballots in both pools, and all minority applicants that were put in the LOCAL pool should remain in the OPEN pool as well.

F. Homeownership

1. Household Eligibility

A Subsidizing Agency housing program may establish eligibility requirements for homebuyers. In the absence of such provisions, the following requirements shall apply.

In addition to meeting the requirements for qualifying a Project or dwelling unit for the SHI (see Section II.A), the household shall not have owned a home within three years preceding the application, with the exception of:

BEVERLY CODE

- a. Displaced homemakers, where the displaced homemaker (an adult who has not worked full-time, full-year in the labor force for a number of years but has, during such years, worked primarily without remuneration to care for the home and family), while a homemaker, owned a home with his or her partner or resided in a home owned by the partner;
- b. Single parents, where the individual owned a home with his or her partner or resided in a home owned by the partner and is a single parent (is unmarried or legally separated from a spouse and either has one or more children of whom the individual has custody or joint custody, or is pregnant);
- c. Households where at least one household member is 55 or over;
- d. Households that owned a principal residence not permanently affixed to a permanent foundation in accordance with applicable regulations; and
- e. Households that owned a property that was not in compliance with State, local or model building codes and that cannot be brought into compliance for less than the cost of constructing a permanent structure.

Individuals who have a financial interest in the development and their families shall not be eligible.

2. Final Qualification and Closing

Once the lottery has been completed, applicants selected to purchase units must be given a reasonable pre-specified time period in which they must secure financing. The Developer should invite the lottery winners to a loan application workshop. The Developer should make prior arrangements with local financial institutions with respect to financing qualified purchasers. Often such institutions will give preliminary approvals of loans, which make the remainder of the process more efficient for all parties.

Before a Purchase and Sale Agreement is signed, the lottery agent should submit income and asset documentation of the applicant to the Subsidizing Agency (to DHCD and the municipality in the case of a LAU). Income verification should include tax returns and W-2s from the past three years, five most recent pay stubs, three months of recent bank statements and 401K reports, reliable documentation as to other sources of income and assets. The Subsidizing Agency (to DHCD and the municipality in the case of a LAU) will then verify that the household's annual income does not exceed 80% of the area median income, or such lower income limit as may have been established for the particular project. The Subsidizing Agency (to DHCD and the municipality in the case of a LAU) also will verify that household assets do not exceed the maximum allowed. Closing of the sale will also be contingent on the Subsidizing Agency's (to DHCD and the municipality in the case of a LAU) approval of the buyer's financing.

Non-household members should not be permitted as co-signers of the mortgage.

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

3. Resales

AFHMP requirements apply to the housing for its duration. The AFHMP must include a plan, satisfactory to the Subsidizing Agency (to DHCD and the municipality in the case of a LAU), to address AFHMP requirements upon resale. The proposal must, at a minimum, require that units for re-sale to eligible purchasers be listed with CHAPA and MAHA's homeownership lottery sites as described above and establish minimum public advertising requirements. The proposal cannot impose the AFHMP requirements upon a homeowner other than requiring compliance with requirements of a Use Restriction, reasonable public advertising, and listing with CHAPA and MAHA.

(April 8, 2008 changes: modified second and third sentences to include listing with the MAHA website.)

A "ready-buyer" list of eligible buyers maintained by the municipality or other local entity is encouraged. This list may be created through local, regional, and statewide lists and resources. As stated above, the list should continually be analyzed, maintained, and updated (through additional marketing) so that it remains consistent with the objectives of the housing program and is adequately representative of the racial, ethnic, and other characteristics of potential applicants in the housing market region.

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REGULATIONS

315 Attachment 5

City of Beverly

Appendix E

Fee in Lieu of Affordable Housing Unit

Table 1 – Fee in Lieu of Affordable Housing Units Fiscal Year 2017

(See Chapter 315, Section 315-15 of the Planning Board’s Inclusionary Housing Regulations.)

Neighborhood Code¹	Fee per Unit²
102 ³	\$65,929
400	\$208,159
405	\$237,067
410	\$155,917
430	\$322,875
460	\$444,500
495	\$1,106,306
720	\$80,879
780	\$238,467
795	\$94,745
4009	\$219,354
4109	\$240,625
4309	\$407,750
4609	\$488,250
4959	N/A
COAV	\$141,787
COGD	\$209,373
COVG	\$310,170
COWF	\$322,000
CV95	\$586,250
CVAV	\$119,790
CVRR	\$265,125
CVVG	\$198,058
ItEs	\$149,616
ItRs	\$87,512
MNGD	\$239,154
MONT	\$117,845
NBAV	\$104,729
NBGD	\$114,006
RSAV	\$104,293
RSGD	\$181,592

¹ Neighborhood Code for a property can be obtained from the Assessor’s Office.

² “Fee per Unit” is equal to 35% of the average of the lowest 50% of single-family home or condominium sale prices in the Beverly neighborhood in which an Applicant is developing its units, for the three fiscal years immediately prior to the current fiscal year in which the application is made. If there were no sales during any of the three fiscal years in the subject Neighborhood Code, the Applicant shall rely on a comparable Neighborhood Code that had sales in each of the three prior fiscal years, as determined by the City of Beverly’s Assessor’s Office.

³ Note: All condominium units, regardless of their location in the City, are listed under NBC 102.

